

Appendix tables

There are six appendixes to this report. They show the following:

Appendix A: National health expenditure tables in current and constant prices, by area of expenditure and source of funds, 2005–06 to 2007–08.

Appendix B: State and territory health expenditure tables in current prices, by area of expenditure and source of funds, 2005–06 to 2007–08.

Appendix C: Detailed disaggregation of expenditure on hospitals, medical services, other health practitioner services and medications, 2006–07.

Appendix D: Health expenditure by disease group and area of expenditure, 2004–05.

Appendix E: Price indexes and deflation.

Appendix F: Population data comprising mean resident population and the number of insured persons with hospital treatment cover.

Appendix A: National health expenditure matrices, 2005–06 to 2007–08

Table A1: Total health expenditure, current prices, by area of expenditure and source of funds^(a), 2005–06 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	1,519	9,347	1,588	12,454	13,822	26,275	3,624	635	1,578	5,837	32,113	
Public hospital services ^(e)	685	9,217	187	10,089	13,577	23,666	428	352	983	1,763	25,429	
Private hospitals	834	130	1,401	2,365	245	2,609	3,197	283	595	4,074	6,684	
Patient transport services	96	22	42	161	993	1,154	97	209	73	378	1,532	
Medical services	767	11,154	292	12,212	—	12,212	666	1,745	872	3,283	15,495	
Dental services	86	10	348	445	526	971	795	3,599	10	4,404	5,375	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	526	526	..	19	..	19	545
Private provider	86	10	348	445	..	445	795	3,580	10	4,385	4,830	
Other health practitioners	132	385	176	693	—	693	402	1,663	280	2,345	3,038	
Community health and other ^(f)	2	423	—	425	3,291	3,716	—	174	133	308	4,024	
Public health	—	797	—	797	624	1,420	—	46	90	136	1,556	
Medications	468	5,664	22	6,153	—	6,153	49	5,281	62	5,392	11,545	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	468	5,578	—	6,046	—	6,046	—	1,240	—	1,240	7,286	
All other medications	—	86	22	107	—	107	49	4,041	62	4,152	4,260	
Aids and appliances	1	275	121	397	—	397	276	2,087	42	2,405	2,803	
Administration	55	939	293	1,287	433	1,720	669	—	—	669	2,389	
Research	2	1,620	—	1,622	275	1,896	—	—	168	168	2,064	
Total recurrent funding	3,126	30,636	2,883	36,646	19,963	56,609	6,578	15,440	3,307	25,325	81,933	
Capital expenditure	—	97	—	97	1,944	2,041	n.a.	n.a.	2,711	2,711	4,752	
Total health funding^(g)	3,126	30,733	2,883	36,743	21,907	58,649	6,578	15,440	6,018	28,036	86,685	
Non-specific tax expenditure	—	332	—	332	—	332	..	-332	..	-332	—	
Total health funding	3,126	31,065	2,883	37,074	21,907	58,981	6,578	15,108	6,018	27,704	86,685	

Notes: See page 122.

Table A2: Total health expenditure, current prices, by area of expenditure and source of funds^(a), 2006–07 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	1,614	9,930	1,695	13,238	15,528	28,766	3,980	625	1,799	6,404	35,171	
Public hospital services ^(e)	770	9,764	207	10,741	15,279	26,020	487	246	1,264	1,996	28,016	
Private hospitals	844	166	1,487	2,497	250	2,747	3,493	380	536	4,408	7,155	
Patient transport services	116	27	45	189	1,190	1,379	107	233	69	409	1,788	
Medical services	803	11,977	313	13,093	—	13,093	735	2,006	932	3,673	16,766	
Dental services	103	11	369	482	532	1,014	865	3,860	10	4,735	5,749	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	532	532	..	29	..	29	561
Private provider	103	11	369	482	..	482	865	3,831	10	4,706	5,188	
Other health practitioners	153	489	184	826	—	826	431	1,725	290	2,447	3,273	
Community health and other ^(f)	1	472	—	474	3,786	4,260	—	221	54	276	4,536	
Public health	—	996	—	996	685	1,681	—	28	102	130	1,811	
Medications	454	6,044	20	6,518	—	6,518	47	5,979	67	6,093	12,611	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	454	5,774	—	6,228	—	6,228	—	1,277	—	1,277	7,505	
All other medications	—	270	20	290	—	290	47	4,702	67	4,816	5,106	
Aids and appliances	2	296	129	427	—	427	302	2,252	45	2,599	3,026	
Administration	53	939	319	1,311	310	1,621	749	—	—	749	2,370	
Research	2	1,833	—	1,835	326	2,160	—	—	189	189	2,349	
Total recurrent funding	3,302	33,013	3,073	39,388	22,357	61,745	7,216	16,930	3,558	27,704	89,449	
Capital expenditure	—	108	..	108	2,128	2,236	n.a.	n.a.	3,253	3,253	5,489	
Total health funding^(g)	3,302	33,121	3,073	39,496	24,485	63,981	7,216	16,930	6,811	30,957	94,938	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	376	..	376	..	376	..	-376	..	-376	—	
Total health funding	3,302	33,498	3,073	39,872	24,485	64,358	7,216	16,553	6,811	30,581	94,938	

Notes: See page 122.

Table A3: Total health expenditure, current prices, by area of expenditure and source of funds^(a), 2007–08 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	1,633	11,268	1,960	14,860	16,806	31,666	4,295	812	1,784	6,891	38,557	
Public hospital services ^(e)	738	11,081	244	12,063	16,537	28,599	534	475	1,209	2,218	30,817	
Private hospitals	895	186	1,716	2,798	269	3,067	3,762	337	575	4,673	7,740	
Patient transport services	133	61	58	252	1,296	1,548	128	258	69	455	2,004	
Medical services	871	13,093	371	14,335	—	14,335	813	2,170	1,021	4,003	18,338	
Dental services	108	114	423	645	580	1,225	927	3,944	10	4,881	6,106	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	580	580	..	32	..	32	612
Private provider	108	114	423	645	..	645	927	3,912	10	4,849	5,493	
Other health practitioners	172	666	203	1,041	—	1,041	446	1,574	312	2,332	3,373	
Community health and other ^(f)	2	633	1	635	4,251	4,886	1	239	69	309	5,195	
Public health	—	1,363	—	1,363	758	2,122	—	30	112	142	2,264	
Medications	461	6,615	21	7,097	—	7,097	46	6,506	71	6,623	13,720	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	461	6,329	—	6,789	—	6,789	—	1,321	—	1,321	8,110	
All other medications	—	287	21	308	—	308	46	5,185	71	5,303	5,611	
Aids and appliances	2	331	148	480	—	480	325	2,264	45	2,634	3,114	
Administration	56	984	402	1,442	292	1,733	881	—	—	881	2,614	
Research	1	2,131	—	2,133	387	2,519	—	—	213	213	2,732	
Total recurrent funding	3,437	37,259	3,587	44,283	24,369	68,653	7,862	17,798	3,705	29,364	98,017	
Capital expenditure	—	108	..	108	2,010	2,118	n.a.	n.a.	3,429	3,429	5,546	
Total health funding^(g)	3,437	37,367	3,587	44,391	26,379	70,770	7,862	17,798	7,133	32,793	103,563	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	382	..	382	..	382	..	-382	..	-382	—	
Total health funding	3,437	37,749	3,587	44,773	26,379	71,152	7,862	17,416	7,133	32,411	103,563	

Notes: See page 122.

Table A4: Total health expenditure, constant prices^(h), by area of expenditure and source of funds^(e), 2005–06 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					Total health expenditure
	Australian Government						Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total		
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total						
Total hospitals	1,635	10,059	1,709	13,403	14,860	28,263	3,901	683	1,699	6,282	34,546	
Public hospital services ^(e)	737	9,920	202	10,858	14,598	25,456	461	379	1,058	1,898	27,353	
Private hospitals	898	140	1,508	2,545	263	2,808	3,440	304	641	4,385	7,192	
Patient transport services	103	24	46	173	1,068	1,241	104	224	78	407	1,648	
Medical services	812	11,817	309	12,938	—	12,938	705	1,849	924	3,478	16,416	
Dental services	94	12	382	488	577	1,065	873	3,951	11	4,834	5,899	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	577	577	..	21	..	21	598
Private provider	94	12	382	488	..	488	873	3,930	11	4,813	5,302	
Other health practitioners	135	392	179	706	—	706	409	1,694	285	2,388	3,094	
Community health and other ^(f)	2	458	—	460	3,564	4,024	—	189	144	333	4,357	
Public health	—	857	—	857	671	1,528	—	50	97	147	1,675	
Medications	471	5,709	22	6,202	—	6,202	51	5,448	65	5,563	11,765	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	471	5,618	—	6,088	—	6,088	—	1,248	—	1,248	7,337	
All other medications	—	91	22	114	—	114	51	4,199	65	4,315	4,429	
Aids and appliances	1	289	127	417	—	417	290	2,192	44	2,527	2,944	
Administration	59	1,018	318	1,395	469	1,864	725	—	—	725	2,589	
Research	2	1,756	—	1,757	298	2,055	—	—	182	182	2,237	
Total recurrent funding	3,314	32,390	3,093	38,797	21,506	60,303	7,058	16,280	3,528	26,866	87,169	
Capital expenditure	—	105	..	105	2,062	2,167	n.a.	n.a.	2,856	2,856	5,022	
Total health funding^(g)	3,314	32,496	3,093	38,902	23,568	62,470	7,058	16,280	6,383	29,721	92,192	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	359	..	359	..	359	..	-360	..	-360	—	
Total health funding	3,314	32,855	3,093	39,262	23,568	62,830	7,058	15,920	6,383	29,362	92,191	

Notes: See page 122.

Table A5: Total health expenditure, constant prices^(h), by area of expenditure and source of funds^(e), 2006–07 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	1,671	10,283	1,755	13,709	16,075	29,785	4,121	648	1,864	6,633	36,418	
Public hospital services ^(e)	797	10,111	215	11,123	15,817	26,941	505	255	1,309	2,068	29,009	
Private hospitals	874	171	1,540	2,586	258	2,844	3,617	393	555	4,565	7,409	
Patient transport services	121	28	47	196	1,232	1,428	111	242	71	424	1,852	
Medical services	824	12,306	321	13,452	—	13,452	755	2,061	959	3,774	17,226	
Dental services	107	11	383	502	553	1,055	901	4,017	10	4,927	5,982	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	553	553	..	30	..	30	584
Private provider	107	11	383	502	..	502	901	3,987	10	4,897	5,399	
Other health practitioners	153	489	183	825	—	825	431	1,724	290	2,444	3,270	
Community health and other ^(f)	1	490	—	491	3,927	4,419	—	230	56	286	4,705	
Public health	—	1,031	—	1,031	710	1,741	—	29	106	135	1,875	
Medications	456	6,080	20	6,556	—	6,556	48	6,071	68	6,187	12,743	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	456	5,803	—	6,259	—	6,259	—	1,283	—	1,283	7,542	
All other medications	—	277	20	297	—	297	48	4,788	68	4,904	5,201	
Aids and appliances	2	304	132	439	—	439	311	2,314	46	2,671	3,110	
Administration	55	975	331	1,361	321	1,682	777	—	—	777	2,459	
Research	2	1,903	—	1,905	338	2,243	—	—	196	196	2,440	
Total recurrent funding	3,393	33,900	3,174	40,467	23,157	63,624	7,455	17,334	3,667	28,456	92,080	
Capital expenditure	—	114	..	114	2,196	2,311	n.a.	n.a.	3,329	3,329	5,640	
Total health funding^(g)	3,393	34,015	3,174	40,582	25,353	65,935	7,455	17,334	6,996	31,785	97,720	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	391	..	391	..	391	..	-391	..	-391	—	
Total health funding	3,393	34,405	3,174	40,973	25,353	66,326	7,455	16,943	6,996	31,394	97,720	

Notes: See page 122.

Table A6: Total health expenditure, constant prices^(h), by area of expenditure and source of funds^(e), 2007–08 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	1,633	11,268	1,960	14,860	16,806	31,666	4,295	812	1,784	6,891	38,557	
Public hospital services ^(e)	738	11,081	244	12,063	16,537	28,599	534	475	1,209	2,218	30,817	
Private hospitals	895	186	1,716	2,798	269	3,067	3,762	337	575	4,673	7,740	
Patient transport services	133	61	58	252	1,296	1,548	128	258	69	455	2,004	
Medical services	871	13,093	371	14,335	—	14,335	813	2,170	1,021	4,003	18,338	
Dental services	108	114	423	645	580	1,225	927	3,944	10	4,881	6,106	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	580	580	..	32	..	32	612
Private provider	108	114	423	645	..	645	927	3,912	10	4,849	5,493	
Other health practitioners	172	666	203	1,041	—	1,041	446	1,574	312	2,332	3,373	
Community health and other ^(f)	2	633	1	635	4,251	4,886	1	239	69	309	5,195	
Public health	—	1,363	—	1,363	758	2,122	—	30	112	142	2,264	
Medications	461	6,615	21	7,097	—	7,097	46	6,506	71	6,623	13,720	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	461	6,329	—	6,789	—	6,789	—	1,321	—	1,321	8,110	
All other medications	—	287	21	308	—	308	46	5,185	71	5,303	5,611	
Aids and appliances	2	331	148	480	—	480	325	2,264	45	2,634	3,114	
Administration	56	984	402	1,442	292	1,733	881	—	—	881	2,614	
Research	1	2,131	—	2,133	387	2,519	—	—	213	213	2,732	
Total recurrent funding	3,437	37,259	3,587	44,283	24,369	68,653	7,862	17,798	3,705	29,364	98,017	
Capital expenditure	—	108	..	108	2,010	2,118	n.a.	n.a.	3,429	3,429	5,546	
Total health funding^(g)	3,437	37,367	3,587	44,391	26,379	70,770	7,862	17,798	7,133	32,793	103,563	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	382	..	382	..	382	..	-382	..	-382	—	
Total health funding	3,437	37,749	3,587	44,773	26,379	71,152	7,862	17,416	7,133	32,411	103,563	

Notes: See page 122.

Table A9: Proportions of recurrent health expenditure, current prices, by area of expenditure, 1997-98 to 2007-08 (per cent)

Area of expenditure	1997-98	1998-99	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08
Total hospitals	41.5	41.4	40.0	38.4	38.5	38.9	38.9	38.5	39.2	39.3	39.3
Public hospitals ^(h) / Public hospital services ^(e)	32.8	32.8	31.5	30.2	30.1	30.4	30.4	30.3	31.0	31.3	31.4
Private hospitals	8.6	8.6	8.5	8.2	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.2	8.2	8.0	7.9
Patient transport services	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0
Medical services	20.2	19.7	19.6	18.6	18.8	18.5	18.5	19.1	18.9	18.7	18.7
Dental services	6.1	5.9	5.8	6.3	6.8	6.7	6.7	6.6	6.6	6.4	6.2
State/territory provider	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6
Private provider	5.3	5.2	5.1	5.7	6.1	6.0	6.0	5.9	5.9	5.8	5.6
Other health practitioners	3.5	3.4	3.2	3.5	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.4
Community health and other ^(f)	4.4	5.4	5.2	5.1	5.1	5.3	4.8	4.8	4.9	5.1	5.3
Public health	1.7	1.7	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.0	2.3
Medications	13.2	13.3	13.9	14.8	15.1	14.5	14.8	14.6	14.1	14.1	14.0
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	8.0	8.1	8.5	9.3	9.3	9.4	9.6	9.2	8.9	8.4	8.3
All other medications	5.3	5.2	5.4	5.6	5.9	5.1	5.2	5.4	5.2	5.7	5.7
Aids and appliances	2.9	3.3	3.4	4.2	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.2
Administration	3.4	2.6	3.4	3.4	3.0	3.1	3.1	3.1	2.9	2.6	2.7
Research	1.5	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.8
Total recurrent expenditure	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

Notes: See page 122.

Notes to Appendix A tables

- (a) Tables show funding provided by the Australian Government, state and territory governments and local government authorities and by the major non-government sources of funding for health care. They do not show total expenditure on health goods and services by the different service provider sectors.
- (b) 'Other' comprises Australian Government expenditure on capital consumption and health research not funded by DoHA.
- (c) Includes the 30–40% rebate on health insurance premiums that can be claimed either directly from the Australian Government through the taxation system or it may involve a reduced premium being charged by the private health insurance fund.
- (d) Expenditure on health goods and services by workers compensation and compulsory third-party motor vehicle insurers, as well as other sources of income (for example, rent, interest earned) for service providers.
- (e) Public hospital services exclude certain services undertaken in hospitals. Can include services provided off-site, such as hospital in the home, dialysis or other services (see Box 4.1).
- (f) 'Other' denotes 'other recurrent health services n.e.c.'.
- (g) Total health funding has not been adjusted to include non-specific tax expenditure as funding by the Australian Government.
- (h) Constant price health expenditure for 1997–98 to 2007–08 is expressed in terms of 2007–08 prices.
- (i) Public hospitals (1997–98 to 2002–03) includes any dental services, community health services, patient transport services, public health and health research undertaken by the hospital. Includes services provided off-site, such as hospital in the home, dialysis or other services (see Box 4.1).

Notes: Due to changes in methods, care must be taken comparing the growth between 2002–03 and 2003–04 (see Section 6.3 in the Technical notes for further information).

Components in some appendix tables may not add to totals due to rounding.

Appendix B: State and territory health expenditure matrices, 2005–06 to 2007–08

Table B1: Total health expenditure, current prices, New South Wales, by area of expenditure and source of funds^(a), 2005–06 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	529	3,146	499	4,174	5,065	9,239	1,139	155	576	1,870	11,109	
Public hospital services ^(e)	307	3,109	95	3,512	5,065	8,577	217	132	353	703	9,279	
Private hospitals	221	37	404	663	—	663	922	22	223	1,168	1,830	
Patient transport services	23	2	34	59	302	361	78	15	27	120	481	
Medical services	253	3,938	81	4,271	—	4,271	184	638	435	1,258	5,530	
Dental services	30	4	130	163	137	300	296	1,202	2	1,500	1,800	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	137	137	..	6	..	6	143
Private provider	30	4	130	163	..	163	296	1,196	2	1,494	1,657	
Other health practitioners	42	132	61	235	—	235	140	539	92	771	1,006	
Community health and other ^(f)	—	99	—	99	1,094	1,194	—	93	5	98	1,292	
Public health	—	258	—	258	139	397	—	32	29	60	457	
Medications	163	1,934	10	2,107	—	2,107	23	1,681	7	1,711	3,818	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	163	1,910	—	2,074	—	2,074	—	420	—	420	2,494	
All other medications	—	24	10	34	—	34	23	1,261	7	1,290	1,324	
Aids and appliances	—	93	45	138	—	138	102	450	8	560	698	
Administration	5	311	91	407	—	407	209	—	—	209	615	
Research	—	462	—	462	68	530	—	—	53	53	583	
Total recurrent funding	1,044	10,377	952	12,373	6,806	19,179	2,172	4,806	1,234	8,211	27,390	
Capital expenditure	—	24	..	24	590	614	n.a.	n.a.	631	631	1,245	
Total health funding^(g)	1,044	10,401	952	12,397	7,396	19,793	2,172	4,806	1,864	8,842	28,635	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	138	..	138	..	138	..	-138	..	-138	—	
Total health funding	1,044	10,539	952	12,535	7,396	19,931	2,172	4,668	1,864	8,704	28,635	

Notes: See page 148.

Table B2: Total health expenditure, current prices, New South Wales, by area of expenditure and source of funds^(a), 2006–07 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	543	3,315	541	4,399	5,414	9,813	1,270	208	677	2,155	11,968	
Public hospital services ^(e)	322	3,265	107	3,693	5,414	9,108	250	108	462	820	9,928	
Private hospitals	221	50	434	705	—	705	1,020	100	214	1,334	2,040	
Patient transport services	34	2	38	74	334	408	88	31	22	141	550	
Medical services	259	4,237	88	4,584	—	4,584	206	721	480	1,407	5,991	
Dental services	35	4	136	176	137	312	320	1,245	2	1,567	1,879	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	137	137	..	6	..	6	143
Private provider	35	4	136	176	..	176	320	1,239	2	1,561	1,737	
Other health practitioners	49	166	65	279	—	279	152	555	98	806	1,085	
Community health and other ^(f)	—	105	—	105	1,232	1,337	—	81	6	88	1,425	
Public health	—	326	—	326	160	486	—	10	33	43	529	
Medications	157	2,063	9	2,230	—	2,230	22	1,882	9	1,913	4,143	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	157	1,977	—	2,134	—	2,134	—	435	—	435	2,569	
All other medications	—	87	9	96	—	96	22	1,448	9	1,478	1,574	
Aids and appliances	—	99	48	147	—	147	113	478	10	601	748	
Administration	—	292	103	395	—	395	242	—	—	242	637	
Research	—	541	—	541	89	630	—	—	61	61	690	
Total recurrent funding	1,078	11,150	1,028	13,255	7,366	20,622	2,413	5,211	1,397	9,022	29,644	
Capital expenditure	—	27	..	27	487	514	n.a.	n.a.	923	923	1,437	
Total health funding^(g)	1,078	11,177	1,028	13,282	7,853	21,135	2,413	5,211	2,321	9,945	31,081	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	149	..	149	..	149	..	-149	..	-149	—	
Total health funding	1,078	11,326	1,028	13,431	7,853	21,284	2,413	5,063	2,321	9,797	31,081	

Notes: See page 148.

Table B3: Total health expenditure, current prices, New South Wales, by area of expenditure and source of funds^(a), 2007–08 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	549	3,745	623	4,918	5,407	10,325	1,366	107	795	2,269	12,593	
Public hospital services ^(e)	321	3,690	129	4,141	5,407	9,548	283	49	559	890	10,438	
Private hospitals	228	54	494	777	—	777	1,084	58	237	1,378	2,155	
Patient transport services	42	5	43	89	369	459	95	38	21	153	612	
Medical services	280	4,671	105	5,055	—	5,055	230	802	525	1,558	6,613	
Dental services	36	79	153	268	161	428	335	1,274	2	1,611	2,039	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	161	161	..	6	..	6	167
Private provider	36	79	153	268	..	268	335	1,267	2	1,605	1,872	
Other health practitioners	52	227	71	349	—	349	155	527	106	789	1,138	
Community health and other ^(f)	—	138	—	139	1,297	1,436	—	79	6	86	1,522	
Public health	—	442	—	442	163	605	—	14	36	50	655	
Medications	162	2,246	9	2,417	—	2,417	21	2,046	11	2,078	4,495	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	162	2,154	—	2,316	—	2,316	—	445	—	445	2,761	
All other medications	—	92	9	101	—	101	21	1,602	11	1,633	1,735	
Aids and appliances	—	110	55	165	—	165	121	498	6	624	789	
Administration	—	318	137	454	—	454	300	—	—	300	754	
Research	—	642	—	642	110	752	—	—	71	71	823	
Total recurrent funding	1,121	12,621	1,197	14,939	7,508	22,446	2,622	5,385	1,579	9,587	32,033	
Capital expenditure	—	27	..	27	624	651	n.a.	n.a.	1,049	1,049	1,700	
Total health funding^(g)	1,121	12,648	1,197	14,966	8,132	23,097	2,622	5,385	2,628	10,635	33,733	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	151	..	151	..	151	..	-151	..	-151	—	
Total health funding	1,121	12,799	1,197	15,117	8,132	23,248	2,622	5,234	2,628	10,485	33,733	

Notes: See page 148.

Table B4: Total health expenditure, current prices, Victoria, by area of expenditure and source of funds^(a), 2005–06 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	353	2,252	416	3,021	3,125	6,146	949	162	533	1,645	7,791	
Public hospital services ^(e)	163	2,221	44	2,429	3,125	5,554	101	106	400	607	6,161	
Private hospitals	190	31	372	593	—	593	848	56	133	1,037	1,630	
Patient transport services	29	—	2	31	211	242	5	104	22	131	374	
Medical services	176	2,751	80	3,007	—	3,007	183	390	145	718	3,725	
Dental services	14	3	62	80	122	202	142	1,274	2	1,418	1,620	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	122	122	..	—	..	—	122
Private provider	14	3	62	80	..	80	142	1,274	2	1,418	1,498	
Other health practitioners	29	94	35	158	—	158	79	595	82	755	913	
Community health and other ^(f)	—	56	—	56	615	671	—	—	3	3	674	
Public health	—	194	—	194	155	349	—	—	20	20	369	
Medications	104	1,436	2	1,542	—	1,542	5	1,422	26	1,454	2,996	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	104	1,416	—	1,520	—	1,520	—	311	—	311	1,831	
All other medications	—	20	2	22	—	22	5	1,111	26	1,142	1,164	
Aids and appliances	—	69	22	91	—	91	51	615	13	678	770	
Administration	4	206	78	288	—	288	177	—	—	177	465	
Research	—	521	—	521	113	634	—	—	71	71	705	
Total recurrent funding	710	7,582	697	8,989	4,342	13,331	1,591	4,562	917	7,070	20,401	
Capital expenditure	—	22	..	22	571	593	n.a.	n.a.	651	651	1,244	
Total health funding^(g)	710	7,604	697	9,011	4,913	13,924	1,591	4,562	1,568	7,721	21,645	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	83	..	83	..	83	..	-83	..	-83	—	
Total health funding	710	7,687	697	9,094	4,913	14,007	1,591	4,479	1,568	7,637	21,645	

Notes: See page 148.

Table B5: Total health expenditure, current prices, Victoria, by area of expenditure and source of funds^(a), 2006-07 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	396	2,416	438	3,249	3,231	6,481	1,028	116	633	1,778	8,259	
Public hospital services ^(e)	199	2,377	49	2,626	3,231	5,857	116	34	508	658	6,514	
Private hospitals	197	39	388	624	—	624	912	83	125	1,121	1,744	
Patient transport services	35	—	3	39	239	278	7	119	23	149	427	
Medical services	182	2,961	86	3,230	—	3,230	203	450	151	804	4,034	
Dental services	18	3	68	89	113	202	160	1,381	2	1,543	1,745	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	113	113	..	11	..	11	124
Private provider	18	3	68	89	..	89	160	1,381	2	1,543	1,632	
Other health practitioners	34	127	36	197	—	197	85	619	81	786	983	
Community health and other ^(f)	—	57	—	57	695	753	—	4	3	7	760	
Public health	—	224	—	224	178	402	—	—	23	23	425	
Medications	100	1,516	2	1,619	—	1,619	5	1,600	27	1,633	3,252	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	100	1,454	—	1,554	—	1,554	—	317	—	317	1,872	
All other medications	—	62	2	64	—	64	5	1,283	27	1,315	1,380	
Aids and appliances	—	74	24	98	—	98	56	653	13	722	820	
Administration	—	216	81	297	—	297	191	—	—	191	487	
Research	—	607	—	607	130	737	—	—	78	78	815	
Total recurrent funding	765	8,202	739	9,706	4,587	14,292	1,735	4,943	1,035	7,713	22,005	
Capital expenditure	—	25	..	25	755	780	n.a.	n.a.	606	606	1,386	
Total health funding^(g)	765	8,226	739	9,730	5,342	15,072	1,735	4,943	1,642	8,319	23,391	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	97	..	97	..	97	..	-97	..	-97	—	
Total health funding	765	8,323	739	9,827	5,342	15,169	1,735	4,846	1,642	8,222	23,391	

Notes: See page 148.

Table B6: Total health expenditure, current prices, Victoria, by area of expenditure and source of funds^(a), 2007–08 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	388	2,724	509	3,620	3,633	7,254	1,116	344	348	1,808	9,062	
Public hospital services ^(e)	185	2,678	54	2,918	3,633	6,551	119	285	229	633	7,184	
Private hospitals	202	46	455	702	—	702	997	59	119	1,175	1,878	
Patient transport services	39	1	5	45	240	285	12	127	24	162	447	
Medical services	190	3,263	102	3,555	—	3,555	224	479	150	854	4,409	
Dental services	18	23	80	122	116	237	175	1,343	2	1,521	1,758	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	116	116	..	10	..	10	126
Private provider	18	23	80	122	..	122	175	1,343	2	1,521	1,642	
Other health practitioners	36	178	42	256	—	256	91	553	79	723	979	
Community health and other ^(f)	—	77	—	78	751	829	—	10	3	13	842	
Public health	—	334	—	334	189	523	—	—	25	25	548	
Medications	99	1,660	2	1,762	—	1,762	5	1,678	27	1,710	3,473	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	99	1,592	—	1,691	—	1,691	—	329	—	329	2,020	
All other medications	—	68	2	71	—	71	5	1,349	27	1,381	1,452	
Aids and appliances	—	83	28	111	—	111	61	619	15	695	806	
Administration	—	219	91	310	—	310	198	—	—	198	508	
Research	—	695	—	695	153	848	—	—	86	86	934	
Total recurrent funding	772	9,257	859	10,888	5,082	15,970	1,883	5,153	759	7,795	23,765	
Capital expenditure	—	25	..	25	301	326	n.a.	n.a.	439	439	764	
Total health funding^(g)	772	9,282	859	10,913	5,383	16,295	1,883	5,153	1,197	8,234	24,529	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	99	..	99	..	99	..	-99	..	-99	—	
Total health funding	772	9,380	859	11,011	5,383	16,394	1,883	5,054	1,197	8,135	24,529	

Notes: See page 148.

Table B7: Total health expenditure, current prices, Queensland, by area of expenditure and source of funds^(a), 2005–06 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	320	1,801	314	2,434	2,318	4,752	716	106	226	1,049	5,801	
Public hospital services ^(e)	52	1,762	13	1,828	2,290	4,118	29	20	95	144	4,261	
Private hospitals	267	39	301	607	28	635	686	86	132	905	1,539	
Patient transport services	27	7	—	34	310	343	—	6	8	14	357	
Medical services	196	2,190	61	2,447	—	2,447	140	369	79	588	3,035	
Dental services	22	2	67	91	135	225	153	433	1	587	812	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	135	135	..	—	..	—	135
Private provider	22	2	67	91	..	91	153	433	1	587	678	
Other health practitioners	33	75	35	143	—	143	81	350	36	466	610	
Community health and other ^(f)	—	81	—	81	674	755	—	38	1	39	795	
Public health	—	148	—	148	114	262	—	7	16	23	284	
Medications	105	1,062	5	1,172	—	1,172	11	1,094	7	1,112	2,284	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	105	1,045	—	1,150	—	1,150	—	235	—	235	1,385	
All other medications	—	17	5	22	—	22	11	859	7	877	899	
Aids and appliances	—	52	23	75	—	75	52	404	4	460	535	
Administration	5	174	60	239	51	290	138	—	—	138	428	
Research	—	208	—	208	32	240	—	—	18	18	258	
Total recurrent funding	709	5,798	566	7,072	3,633	10,705	1,291	2,807	397	4,494	15,199	
Capital expenditure	—	15	..	15	413	428	n.a.	n.a.	579	579	1,007	
Total health funding^(g)	709	5,813	566	7,087	4,046	11,133	1,291	2,807	975	5,073	16,205	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	53	..	53	..	53	..	-53	..	-53	—	
Total health funding	709	5,866	566	7,141	4,046	11,186	1,291	2,753	975	5,019	16,205	

Notes: See page 148.

Table B8: Total health expenditure, current prices, Queensland, by area of expenditure and source of funds^(a), 2006–07 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	340	1,917	338	2,596	2,996	5,592	795	106	237	1,138	6,730	
Public hospital services ^(e)	73	1,871	13	1,957	2,965	4,921	31	21	144	196	5,117	
Private hospitals	267	47	325	639	32	671	764	86	93	942	1,613	
Patient transport services	30	8	—	38	403	441	—	5	8	14	454	
Medical services	204	2,345	64	2,613	—	2,613	150	437	92	679	3,292	
Dental services	27	2	70	99	140	239	165	477	1	643	882	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	140	140	..	1	..	1	141
Private provider	27	2	70	99	..	99	165	476	1	642	741	
Other health practitioners	38	93	37	168	—	168	86	360	41	487	655	
Community health and other ^(f)	—	97	—	97	718	815	—	89	2	91	907	
Public health	—	199	—	199	122	321	—	8	18	26	347	
Medications	104	1,149	4	1,257	—	1,257	10	1,262	9	1,280	2,537	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	104	1,096	—	1,200	—	1,200	—	246	—	246	1,446	
All other medications	—	53	4	57	—	57	10	1,016	9	1,035	1,091	
Aids and appliances	1	57	24	82	—	82	57	441	4	502	584	
Administration	—	180	66	246	41	287	156	—	—	156	443	
Research	—	232	—	232	39	271	—	—	23	23	294	
Total recurrent funding	743	6,278	604	7,625	4,459	12,084	1,419	3,185	436	5,040	17,124	
Capital expenditure	—	17	..	17	560	577	n.a.	n.a.	887	887	1,464	
Total health funding^(g)	743	6,295	604	7,642	5,019	12,661	1,419	3,185	1,323	5,927	18,588	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	64	..	64	..	64	..	-64	..	-64	—	
Total health funding	743	6,359	604	7,706	5,019	12,725	1,419	3,121	1,323	5,863	18,588	

Notes: See page 148.

Table B9: Total health expenditure, current prices, Queensland, by area of funds^(a), 2007-08 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	352	2,158	393	2,903	3,405	6,308	861	91	313	1,265	7,573	
Public hospital services ^(e)	60	2,111	14	2,185	3,383	5,568	30	14	228	273	5,841	
Private hospitals	292	47	379	718	22	740	831	77	85	993	1,733	
Patient transport services	33	17	—	50	430	480	—	6	8	15	495	
Medical services	217	2,504	77	2,798	—	2,798	168	449	103	720	3,518	
Dental services	28	6	82	116	147	263	180	511	1	692	955	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	147	147	..	—	..	—	147
Private provider	28	6	82	116	..	116	180	511	1	692	809	
Other health practitioners	40	122	40	202	—	202	89	321	47	457	659	
Community health and other ^(f)	—	125	—	125	914	1,039	—	108	2	110	1,149	
Public health	—	261	—	261	156	418	—	8	20	28	446	
Medications	105	1,259	4	1,369	—	1,369	10	1,387	8	1,405	2,774	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	105	1,203	—	1,308	—	1,308	—	257	—	257	1,565	
All other medications	—	56	4	60	—	60	10	1,130	8	1,148	1,208	
Aids and appliances	—	64	28	93	—	93	62	447	4	513	606	
Administration	—	204	85	289	61	349	186	—	—	186	535	
Research	—	272	—	272	47	320	—	—	27	27	347	
Total recurrent funding	775	6,993	710	8,478	5,161	13,639	1,555	3,329	534	5,419	19,058	
Capital expenditure	—	17	..	17	658	675	n.a.	n.a.	1,056	1,056	1,731	
Total health funding^(g)	775	7,010	710	8,495	5,819	14,314	1,555	3,329	1,591	6,475	20,789	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	65	..	65	..	65	..	-65	..	-65	—	
Total health funding	775	7,075	710	8,560	5,819	14,379	1,555	3,264	1,591	6,410	20,789	

Notes: See page 148.

Table B10: Total health expenditure, current prices, Western Australia, by area of expenditure and source of funds^(a), 2005-06 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	142	904	164	1,210	1,410	2,620	373	115	93	581	3,202	
Public hospital services ^(e)	58	891	13	962	1,208	2,170	30	77	35	142	2,312	
Private hospitals	84	14	150	248	202	450	343	38	58	440	890	
Patient transport services	7	6	3	16	57	73	8	47	6	60	133	
Medical services	55	957	30	1,042	—	1,042	69	154	77	301	1,343	
Dental services	9	1	42	52	52	103	96	383	3	482	585	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	52	52	..	5	..	5	57
Private provider	9	1	42	52	..	52	96	378	3	477	529	
Other health practitioners	12	35	19	66	—	66	42	56	20	118	184	
Community health and other ^(f)	—	66	—	66	341	406	—	12	41	53	460	
Public health	—	75	—	75	76	151	—	5	7	12	163	
Medications	37	491	2	529	—	529	4	481	12	497	1,026	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	37	482	—	519	—	519	—	115	—	115	634	
All other medications	—	9	2	10	—	10	4	366	12	381	392	
Aids and appliances	—	26	14	40	—	40	31	368	5	404	444	
Administration	2	93	29	124	128	253	66	—	—	66	319	
Research	—	142	—	142	22	164	—	—	13	13	177	
Total recurrent funding	264	2,796	302	3,362	2,086	5,448	689	1,622	276	2,587	8,035	
Capital expenditure	—	12	..	12	154	165	n.a.	n.a.	502	502	667	
Total health funding^(g)	264	2,808	302	3,374	2,240	5,613	689	1,622	778	3,089	8,702	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	25	..	25	..	25	..	-25	..	-25	—	
Total health funding	264	2,833	302	3,398	2,240	5,638	689	1,597	778	3,064	8,702	

Notes: See page 148.

Table B11: Total health expenditure, current prices, Western Australia, by area of expenditure and source of funds^(a), 2006–07 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	144	970	175	1,288	1,647	2,936	411	113	105	629	3,565	
Public hospital services ^(e)	59	951	15	1,025	1,452	2,477	35	68	42	145	2,622	
Private hospitals	85	19	160	263	195	459	376	45	63	484	943	
Patient transport services	7	8	2	17	63	79	5	40	6	51	130	
Medical services	56	1,030	33	1,120	—	1,120	79	186	81	346	1,466	
Dental services	10	1	45	56	57	112	105	428	2	535	647	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	57	57	..	6	..	6	62
Private provider	10	1	45	56	..	56	105	422	2	529	585	
Other health practitioners	13	45	19	77	—	77	44	64	20	128	204	
Community health and other ^(f)	—	74	—	74	543	618	—	10	19	30	647	
Public health	—	95	—	95	75	169	—	6	8	14	183	
Medications	36	534	2	571	—	571	4	555	11	571	1,142	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	36	505	—	542	—	542	—	120	—	120	662	
All other medications	—	28	2	30	—	30	4	435	11	450	480	
Aids and appliances	1	28	14	43	—	43	33	414	5	452	495	
Administration	—	97	31	128	52	180	73	—	—	73	253	
Research	—	153	—	153	26	179	—	—	14	14	193	
Total recurrent funding	267	3,033	321	3,621	2,463	6,084	754	1,816	271	2,841	8,925	
Capital expenditure	—	13	..	13	165	178	n.a.	n.a.	497	497	674	
Total health funding^(g)	267	3,046	321	3,634	2,627	6,261	754	1,816	768	3,338	9,599	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	30	..	30	..	30	..	-30	..	-30	—	
Total health funding	267	3,076	321	3,664	2,627	6,291	754	1,786	768	3,308	9,599	

Notes: See page 148.

Table B12: Total health expenditure, current prices, Western Australia, by area of expenditure and source of funds^(a), 2007–08 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	145	1,104	205	1,454	1,871	3,325	449	149	122	720	4,044	
Public hospital services ^(e)	54	1,080	19	1,153	1,643	2,797	42	82	39	163	2,960	
Private hospitals	91	24	186	301	227	528	407	66	83	557	1,084	
Patient transport services	8	18	5	31	77	109	11	41	6	58	167	
Medical services	62	1,119	39	1,220	—	1,220	85	219	91	395	1,615	
Dental services	11	1	52	64	58	122	114	468	2	584	706	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	58	58	..	6	..	6	64
Private provider	11	1	52	64	..	64	114	461	2	578	642	
Other health practitioners	14	62	21	97	—	97	46	65	22	134	230	
Community health and other ^(f)	—	91	—	91	570	661	1	21	42	63	724	
Public health	—	132	—	132	70	202	—	5	9	13	215	
Medications	38	588	2	628	—	628	4	652	13	669	1,297	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	38	560	—	597	—	597	—	124	—	124	722	
All other medications	—	28	2	30	—	30	4	527	13	545	575	
Aids and appliances	—	32	16	48	—	48	35	429	6	470	518	
Administration	—	97	42	139	39	179	92	—	—	92	271	
Research	—	181	—	181	30	210	—	—	15	15	225	
Total recurrent funding	278	3,425	382	4,085	2,714	6,799	837	2,048	329	3,214	10,013	
Capital expenditure	—	13	..	13	232	245	n.a.	n.a.	382	382	627	
Total health funding^(g)	278	3,438	382	4,098	2,946	7,044	837	2,048	710	3,595	10,639	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	30	..	30	..	30	..	-30	..	-30	—	
Total health funding	278	3,469	382	4,128	2,946	7,075	837	2,017	710	3,565	10,639	

Notes: See page 148.

Table B13: Total health expenditure, current prices, South Australia, by area of expenditure and source of funds^(a), 2005–06 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	120	773	131	1,024	1,032	2,056	300	33	61	393	2,449	
Public hospital services ^(e)	79	766	14	859	1,029	1,888	31	3	33	67	1,954	
Private hospitals	41	6	118	165	4	168	268	30	28	327	495	
Patient transport services	7	3	1	11	57	68	3	34	8	45	113	
Medical services	51	855	28	935	—	935	65	97	105	267	1,202	
Dental services	8	1	34	43	50	92	78	143	1	222	315	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	50	50	..	3	..	3	53
Private provider	8	1	34	43	..	43	78	140	1	219	262	
Other health practitioners	10	30	19	59	—	59	44	40	33	117	176	
Community health and other ^(f)	—	45	—	45	281	326	—	16	75	91	418	
Public health	—	61	—	61	56	117	—	—	7	7	124	
Medications	36	481	2	519	—	519	4	382	6	392	911	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	36	473	—	509	—	509	—	99	—	99	609	
All other medications	—	8	2	9	—	9	4	283	6	293	302	
Aids and appliances	—	22	12	34	—	34	27	166	9	202	236	
Administration	2	75	23	101	185	285	53	—	—	53	339	
Research	—	137	—	137	19	156	—	—	7	7	163	
Total recurrent funding	234	2,483	251	2,968	1,680	4,648	573	912	313	1,798	6,446	
Capital expenditure	—	11	..	11	142	153	n.a.	n.a.	81	81	234	
Total health funding^(g)	234	2,494	251	2,979	1,822	4,801	573	912	394	1,879	6,679	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	16	..	16	..	16	..	-16	..	-16	—	
Total health funding	234	2,510	251	2,995	1,822	4,817	573	896	394	1,863	6,679	

Notes: See page 148.

Table B14: Total health expenditure, current prices, South Australia, by area of expenditure and source of funds^(a), 2006–07 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	114	822	136	1,072	1,226	2,298	319	33	62	414	2,712	
Public hospital services ^(e)	73	814	15	901	1,221	2,122	35	5	42	81	2,203	
Private hospitals	41	8	121	170	5	176	285	28	20	333	509	
Patient transport services	7	3	2	12	74	87	4	36	8	47	134	
Medical services	52	905	30	987	—	987	71	102	97	271	1,258	
Dental services	9	1	36	46	51	97	84	153	1	238	335	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	51	51	..	4	..	4	55
Private provider	9	1	36	46	..	46	84	149	1	234	280	
Other health practitioners	11	36	20	68	—	68	47	40	31	119	186	
Community health and other ^(f)	—	46	—	46	280	325	—	16	4	21	346	
Public health	—	80	—	80	63	143	—	—	8	8	151	
Medications	35	507	2	544	—	544	4	427	7	438	982	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	35	484	—	520	—	520	—	101	—	101	620	
All other medications	—	23	2	24	—	24	4	326	7	337	361	
Aids and appliances	—	24	12	36	—	36	29	176	10	215	251	
Administration	—	75	25	100	187	287	59	—	—	59	346	
Research	—	153	—	153	21	174	—	—	8	8	182	
Total recurrent funding	228	2,651	263	3,142	1,903	5,045	618	984	236	1,837	6,882	
Capital expenditure	—	12	..	12	89	101	n.a.	n.a.	219	219	320	
Total health funding^(g)	228	2,663	263	3,154	1,992	5,146	618	984	455	2,056	7,202	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	18	..	18	..	18	..	-18	..	-18	—	
Total health funding	228	2,681	263	3,173	1,992	5,164	618	965	455	2,038	7,202	

Notes: See page 148.

Table B15: Total health expenditure, current prices, South Australia, by area of expenditure and source of funds^(a), 2007–08 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	119	914	154	1,187	1,414	2,601	338	64	87	490	3,091	
Public hospital services ^(e)	73	903	17	993	1,410	2,403	38	31	67	136	2,539	
Private hospitals	46	11	137	194	4	198	301	33	20	354	552	
Patient transport services	8	7	3	19	91	110	7	45	8	60	170	
Medical services	57	991	35	1,083	—	1,083	76	108	117	301	1,384	
Dental services	9	4	41	53	55	108	89	158	1	248	357	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	55	55	..	6	..	6	61
Private provider	9	4	41	53	..	53	89	152	1	242	296	
Other health practitioners	12	48	22	82	—	82	49	36	38	123	205	
Community health and other ^(f)	—	55	—	56	344	399	—	8	13	21	420	
Public health	—	98	—	98	74	172	—	—	8	8	180	
Medications	35	556	2	593	—	593	4	467	8	479	1,072	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	35	533	—	568	—	568	—	105	—	105	673	
All other medications	—	23	2	25	—	25	4	361	8	373	398	
Aids and appliances	—	26	14	41	—	41	31	179	11	221	262	
Administration	—	77	31	108	192	300	68	—	—	68	368	
Research	—	176	—	176	24	200	—	—	9	9	209	
Total recurrent funding	240	2,952	303	3,495	2,194	5,689	663	1,065	301	2,028	7,718	
Capital expenditure	—	12	..	12	116	128	n.a.	n.a.	462	462	589	
Total health funding^(g)	240	2,964	303	3,507	2,310	5,817	663	1,065	762	2,490	8,307	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	19	..	19	..	19	..	-19	..	-19	—	
Total health funding	240	2,983	303	3,526	2,310	5,836	663	1,046	762	2,471	8,307	

Notes: See page 148.

Table B16: Total health expenditure, current prices, Tasmania, by area of expenditure and source of funds^(a), 2005–06 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	33	213	41	287	283	570	94	11	34	139	709	
Public hospital services ^(e)	14	211	4	230	273	502	10	6	23	39	541	
Private hospitals	19	1	37	58	10	68	84	5	11	100	168	
Patient transport services	3	—	—	4	14	18	—	—	1	2	20	
Medical services	21	239	7	267	—	267	16	33	13	62	329	
Dental services	2	—	7	9	13	22	16	53	—	70	92	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	13	13	..	4	..	4	16
Private provider	2	—	7	9	..	9	16	50	—	66	75	
Other health practitioners	4	10	4	19	—	19	9	32	8	48	67	
Community health and other ^(f)	—	10	—	10	70	80	—	6	—	6	86	
Public health	—	27	—	27	18	45	—	—	3	3	47	
Medications	14	153	1	168	—	168	2	127	2	131	299	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	14	148	—	163	—	163	—	32	—	32	195	
All other medications	—	4	1	5	—	5	2	95	2	99	104	
Aids and appliances	—	7	3	10	—	10	8	47	2	58	68	
Administration	1	29	8	38	39	77	18	—	—	18	95	
Research	—	32	—	32	6	38	—	—	1	1	39	
Total recurrent funding	80	719	71	871	443	1,314	163	310	65	538	1,851	
Capital expenditure	—	5	..	5	33	38	n.a.	n.a.	154	154	192	
Total health funding^(g)	80	724	71	876	476	1,352	163	310	219	692	2,043	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	4	..	4	..	4	..	—4	..	—4	—	
Total health funding	80	728	71	880	476	1,356	163	306	219	688	2,043	

Notes: See page 148.

Table B17: Total health expenditure, current prices, Tasmania, by area of expenditure and source of funds^(a), 2006–07 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	46	224	43	313	342	655	101	6	36	142	797	
Public hospital services ^(e)	25	222	5	252	325	577	11	2	26	39	616	
Private hospitals	21	2	38	61	17	78	89	4	9	103	181	
Patient transport services	2	1	—	3	29	32	—	—	1	2	34	
Medical services	22	255	7	284	—	284	17	37	14	68	352	
Dental services	2	—	7	9	16	26	17	58	—	75	101	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	16	16	..	1	..	1	18
Private provider	2	—	7	9	..	9	17	57	—	74	83	
Other health practitioners	5	12	4	21	—	21	9	31	8	49	70	
Community health and other ^(f)	—	11	—	11	105	116	—	9	1	9	125	
Public health	—	28	—	28	20	48	—	—	3	3	51	
Medications	14	160	1	174	—	174	2	147	2	151	325	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	14	151	—	165	—	165	—	32	—	32	197	
All other medications	—	9	1	10	—	10	2	115	2	119	129	
Aids and appliances	—	7	4	11	—	11	8	52	2	62	73	
Administration	—	25	8	34	—	34	19	—	—	19	53	
Research	—	27	—	27	7	34	—	—	1	1	35	
Total recurrent funding	91	751	74	915	519	1,434	173	340	69	582	2,016	
Capital expenditure	—	6	..	6	35	41	n.a.	n.a.	71	71	112	
Total health funding^(g)	91	756	74	921	554	1,475	173	340	140	653	2,128	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	5	..	5	..	5	..	—5	..	—5	—	
Total health funding	91	761	74	925	554	1,480	173	336	140	648	2,128	

Notes: See page 148.

Table B18: Total health expenditure, current prices, Tasmania, by area of expenditure and source of funds^(a), 2007–08 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	40	317	49	405	344	749	107	17	45	170	919	
Public hospital services ^(e)	18	314	6	337	330	667	12	5	28	46	712	
Private hospitals	22	3	43	68	14	82	94	12	17	124	206	
Patient transport services	3	1	—	4	37	41	—	—	1	2	43	
Medical services	23	284	9	316	—	316	19	41	15	76	391	
Dental services	2	—	8	11	22	33	18	62	—	81	113	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	22	22	..	2	..	2	24
Private provider	2	—	8	11	..	11	18	61	—	79	89	
Other health practitioners	6	16	4	27	—	27	9	26	9	44	71	
Community health and other ^(f)	—	14	—	14	136	150	—	7	1	8	158	
Public health	—	43	—	43	21	64	—	2	3	5	69	
Medications	14	176	1	191	—	191	1	158	2	161	352	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	14	167	—	181	—	181	—	34	—	34	215	
All other medications	—	9	1	9	—	9	1	124	2	128	137	
Aids and appliances	—	8	4	12	—	12	9	52	2	62	75	
Administration	—	29	10	39	—	39	23	—	—	23	62	
Research	—	32	—	32	8	40	—	—	1	1	42	
Total recurrent funding	88	921	85	1,093	569	1,663	186	365	81	632	2,294	
Capital expenditure	—	6	..	6	34	40	n.a.	n.a.	26	26	65	
Total health funding^(g)	88	927	85	1,099	603	1,702	186	365	106	657	2,359	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	5	..	5	..	5	..	—5	..	—5	—	
Total health funding	88	931	85	1,104	603	1,707	186	361	106	653	2,359	

Notes: See page 148.

Table B19: Total health expenditure, current prices, Australian Capital Territory, by area of expenditure and source of funds^(a), 2005–06 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	21	123	17	162	321	483	39	23	43	105	587	
Public hospital services ^(e)	11	123	3	137	321	457	7	4	36	47	505	
Private hospitals	11	—	14	25	—	25	32	19	7	57	82	
Patient transport services	—	—	1	1	12	13	3	—	1	4	17	
Medical services	15	157	3	175	—	175	6	56	8	70	245	
Dental services	2	—	4	6	8	14	10	71	—	81	95	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	8	8	..	1	..	1	9
Private provider	2	—	4	6	..	6	10	70	—	80	87	
Other health practitioners	2	5	2	10	—	10	5	35	7	47	57	
Community health and other ^(f)	—	6	—	6	102	107	—	9	8	16	124	
Public health	—	17	—	17	19	36	—	1	4	6	42	
Medications	7	71	—	78	—	78	1	65	2	67	145	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	7	69	—	76	—	76	—	20	—	20	96	
All other medications	—	2	—	2	—	2	1	45	2	47	49	
Aids and appliances	—	4	2	5	—	5	3	22	1	27	32	
Administration	34	15	3	52	30	82	7	—	—	7	89	
Research	2	112	—	114	13	127	—	—	4	4	131	
Total recurrent funding	83	511	33	626	505	1,131	74	280	78	433	1,564	
Capital expenditure	—	3	..	3	33	36	n.a.	n.a.	69	69	105	
Total health funding^(g)	83	514	33	630	538	1,167	74	280	147	502	1,670	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	10	..	10	..	10	..	-10	..	-10	—	
Total health funding	83	524	33	640	538	1,178	74	270	147	492	1,670	

Notes: See page 148.

Table B20: Total health expenditure, current prices, Australian Capital Territory, by area of expenditure and source of funds^(a), 2006–07 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	25	131	17	173	370	544	40	19	41	100	643	
Public hospital services ^(e)	14	130	3	147	370	518	8	4	33	45	562	
Private hospitals	11	1	14	26	—	26	32	15	8	55	81	
Patient transport services	—	—	1	1	12	13	3	—	1	4	17	
Medical services	27	172	3	202	—	202	7	63	8	77	280	
Dental services	2	—	4	6	8	14	10	75	—	85	99	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	8	8	..	1	..	1	9
Private provider	2	—	4	6	..	6	10	74	—	84	90	
Other health practitioners	5	7	2	14	—	14	5	36	7	48	62	
Community health and other ^(f)	—	7	—	7	97	104	—	8	20	27	131	
Public health	—	21	—	21	19	40	—	1	5	6	47	
Medications	7	75	—	81	—	81	1	74	1	76	157	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	7	71	—	77	—	77	—	20	—	20	98	
All other medications	—	4	—	4	—	4	1	54	1	56	60	
Aids and appliances	—	4	2	6	—	6	4	24	1	29	35	
Administration	53	15	3	72	30	102	8	—	—	8	109	
Research	2	112	—	114	14	128	—	—	4	4	132	
Total recurrent funding	121	545	32	698	550	1,248	76	299	88	464	1,712	
Capital expenditure	—	4	..	4	22	26	n.a.	n.a.	30	30	56	
Total health funding^(g)	121	548	32	701	572	1,273	76	299	119	494	1,767	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	12	..	12	..	12	..	-12	..	-12	—	
Total health funding	121	560	32	713	572	1,285	76	287	119	482	1,767	

Notes: See page 148.

Table B21: Total health expenditure, current prices, Australian Capital Territory, by area of expenditure and source of funds^(a), 2007–08 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	39	154	19	212	411	623	42	12	62	116	739	
Public hospital services ^(e)	25	153	4	182	411	593	9	3	52	64	657	
Private hospitals	13	1	15	29	—	29	33	9	11	52	82	
Patient transport services	—	—	1	1	11	12	3	—	1	4	16	
Medical services	42	172	3	217	—	217	7	58	9	74	291	
Dental services	4	—	5	9	8	17	10	77	—	88	105	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	8	8	..	1	..	1	9
Private provider	4	—	5	9	..	9	10	76	—	87	95	
Other health practitioners	12	9	2	23	—	23	5	28	8	40	63	
Community health and other ^(f)	—	7	—	8	113	121	—	5	2	8	128	
Public health	—	27	—	27	23	50	—	1	6	7	56	
Medications	8	83	—	91	—	91	1	84	1	87	177	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	8	78	—	86	—	86	—	21	—	21	106	
All other medications	—	5	—	5	—	5	1	64	1	66	71	
Aids and appliances	—	5	2	7	—	7	4	25	1	30	36	
Administration	56	14	4	74	—	74	9	—	—	9	83	
Research	1	123	—	124	14	139	—	—	4	4	142	
Total recurrent funding	160	595	37	792	580	1,372	80	291	93	465	1,837	
Capital expenditure	—	4	..	4	34	38	n.a.	n.a.	10	10	48	
Total health funding^(g)	160	599	37	795	614	1,410	80	291	104	475	1,885	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	12	..	12	..	12	..	-12	..	-12	—	
Total health funding	160	611	37	808	614	1,422	80	279	104	463	1,885	

Notes: See page 148.

Table B22: Total health expenditure, current prices, Northern Territory, by area of expenditure and source of funds^(a), 2005-06 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	1	134	6	141	267	408	14	30	12	56	464	
Public hospital services ^(e)	—	134	—	134	267	401	1	5	9	15	415	
Private hospitals	1	1	6	7	—	8	13	25	3	41	49	
Patient transport services	—	4	—	4	31	35	—	2	—	2	37	
Medical services	1	66	1	68	—	68	3	8	8	18	86	
Dental services	—	—	2	2	10	12	4	40	—	43	55	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	10	10	..	—	..	—	10
Private provider	—	—	2	2	..	2	4	39	—	43	45	
Other health practitioners	—	3	1	4	—	4	2	17	3	22	26	
Community health and other ^(f)	—	62	—	62	114	176	—	—	—	—	176	
Public health	—	18	—	18	47	65	—	1	4	5	70	
Medications	1	37	—	38	—	38	—	28	—	28	67	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	1	34	—	35	—	35	—	6	—	6	41	
All other medications	—	3	—	3	—	3	—	22	—	22	25	
Aids and appliances	—	2	1	3	—	3	2	14	1	16	19	
Administration	—	38	—	38	—	38	1	—	—	1	39	
Research	—	6	—	6	1	7	—	—	1	1	8	
Total recurrent funding	3	370	11	384	469	854	26	140	28	193	1,047	
Capital expenditure	—	5	..	5	8	13	n.a.	n.a.	45	45	58	
Total health funding^(g)	3	375	11	389	477	867	26	140	73	238	1,105	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	-2	..	-2	—	
Total health funding	3	376	11	391	477	868	26	138	73	237	1,105	

Notes: See page 148.

Table B23: Total health expenditure, current prices, Northern Territory, by area of expenditure and source of funds^(a), 2006-07 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	7	135	7	148	300	448	15	23	9	48	496	
Public hospital services ^(e)	6	134	—	140	300	440	1	5	7	12	453	
Private hospitals	1	1	6	8	—	8	15	18	2	36	44	
Patient transport services	—	5	—	5	37	42	—	1	—	2	43	
Medical services	1	72	1	74	—	74	3	9	8	20	94	
Dental services	—	—	2	2	9	11	4	45	—	49	61	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	9	9	..	—	..	—	10
Private provider	—	—	2	2	..	2	4	45	—	49	51	
Other health practitioners	—	3	1	5	—	5	2	19	3	24	29	
Community health and other ^(f)	—	76	—	76	116	192	—	3	—	3	195	
Public health	—	23	—	23	49	72	—	3	5	7	79	
Medications	1	40	—	41	—	41	—	31	—	32	73	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	1	35	—	36	—	36	—	6	—	6	42	
All other medications	—	5	—	5	—	5	—	25	—	26	31	
Aids and appliances	—	2	1	3	—	3	2	16	1	18	22	
Administration	—	39	1	40	—	40	1	—	—	1	41	
Research	—	8	—	8	—	8	—	—	—	—	9	
Total recurrent funding	9	404	12	425	511	936	28	151	26	205	1,142	
Capital expenditure	—	6	..	6	15	21	n.a.	n.a.	19	19	39	
Total health funding^(g)	9	410	12	431	526	957	28	151	44	224	1,181	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	2	..	2	..	2	..	-2	..	-2	—	
Total health funding	9	411	12	432	526	958	28	150	44	222	1,181	

Notes: See page 148.

Table B24: Total health expenditure, current prices, Northern Territory, by area of expenditure and source of funds^(a), 2007–08 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Government						Non-government					
	Australian Government											
	DVA	DoHA and other ^(b)	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	State and local	Total	Health insurance funds	Individuals	Other ^(d)	Total	Total health expenditure	
Total hospitals	2	152	8	162	320	482	17	28	9	54	536	
Public hospital services ^(e)	2	151	—	153	319	472	1	6	7	14	486	
Private hospitals	1	1	7	9	1	9	16	22	3	41	50	
Patient transport services	—	12	—	12	41	53	—	1	—	2	55	
Medical services	1	88	2	90	—	90	3	13	10	26	117	
Dental services	—	—	2	2	14	16	5	51	—	56	72	
State/territory provider	..	..	..	..	14	14	..	1	..	1	14
Private provider	—	—	2	2	..	2	5	50	—	55	57	
Other health practitioners	—	4	1	5	—	5	2	18	3	23	28	
Community health and other ^(f)	—	125	—	125	125	251	—	1	—	1	251	
Public health	—	27	—	27	62	89	—	—	5	5	94	
Medications	1	46	—	47	—	47	—	34	—	34	81	
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	1	40	—	41	—	41	—	6	—	6	48	
All other medications	—	5	—	6	—	6	—	27	—	28	34	
Aids and appliances	—	3	1	4	—	4	2	16	1	19	22	
Administration	—	26	2	28	—	28	4	—	—	4	32	
Research	—	10	—	10	—	11	—	—	—	—	11	
Total recurrent funding	5	493	16	513	562	1,075	34	162	29	225	1,300	
Capital expenditure	—	6	..	6	11	17	n.a.	n.a.	6	6	23	
Total health funding^(g)	5	498	16	519	573	1,091	34	162	35	231	1,322	
Non-specific tax expenditure	..	2	..	2	..	2	..	-2	..	-2	—	
Total health funding	5	500	16	520	573	1,093	34	161	35	229	1,322	

Notes: See page 148.

Notes to Appendix B tables

- (a) Tables show funding provided by the Australian Government, state and territory governments and local government authorities and by the major non-government sources of funding for health goods and services. They do not show total expenditure on health services by the different service provider sectors.
- (b) 'Other' comprises Australian Government expenditure on capital consumption and health research not funded by DoHA.
- (c) Includes the 30–40% rebate on health insurance premiums that can be claimed either directly from the Australian Government through the taxation system or it may involve a reduced premium being charged by the private health insurance fund.
- (d) 'Other' includes expenditure on health goods and services by workers compensation and compulsory motor vehicle third-party insurers, as well as other sources of income (for example, interest earned) of service providers.
- (e) Public hospital services exclude certain services undertaken in hospitals. Can include services provided off-site, such as hospital in the home, dialysis or other services (see Box 4.1).
- (f) 'Other' denotes 'other recurrent health services n.e.c.'.
- (g) Total health funding has not been adjusted to include non-specific tax expenditure as funding by the Australian Government.

Note: Components in some appendix tables may not add to totals due to rounding.

Appendix C: Detailed disaggregation of selected areas of health expenditure, 2006–07

Table C1: Hospital expenditure, current prices, by area of expenditure, 2006–07 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Total expenditure
Total hospitals	35,171
Admitted patients	28,582
Same-day admissions	4,820
Curative care	4,798
Rehabilitative care	19
Long-term care	1
Palliative care	1
Other n.e.c.	—
Overnight admissions	23,762
Curative care	21,621
Rehabilitative care	1,214
Long-term care	693
Palliative care	230
Other n.e.c.	4
Non-admitted patients	6,589
Public hospital services^(a)	28,016
Admitted patients	21,785
Same-day admissions	3,058
Curative care	3,051
Rehabilitative care	6
Long-term care	—
Palliative care	1
Other n.e.c.	—
Overnight admissions	18,727
Curative care	16,920
Rehabilitative care	946
Long-term care	661
Palliative care	198
Other n.e.c.	1
Non-admitted patients	6,231
Private hospitals	7,155
Admitted patients	6,797
Same-day admissions	1,762
Curative care	1,747
Rehabilitative care	13
Long-term care	1
Palliative care	1
Other n.e.c.	—
Overnight admissions	5,035
Curative care	4,701
Rehabilitative care	268
Long-term care	32
Palliative care	32
Other n.e.c.	3
Non-admitted patients	358

Notes: See page 154.

Table C2: Health expenditure, current prices, by selected area of expenditure and source of funds^(b), Australia, 2006–07 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Australian Government			Non-government			Total health expenditure
	Direct outlays	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	Private health insurance	Individuals	Other ^(d)		Total
In hospital ^(e)	1,664	313	1,977	735	1,077	—	1,812
Public hospitals	320	60	380	141	207	—	348
Private hospitals	1,345	253	1,597	593	870	—	1,464
Out of hospital	9,706	—	9,706	—	929	—	929
General practitioners	4,011	—	4,011	—	275	—	275
Specialists	2,571	—	2,571	—	440	—	440
Imaging/pathology	3,124	—	3,124	—	214	—	214
Other medical	1,409	—	1,409	—	—	932	932
Allied health services (Medicare)	107	—	107	—	21	—	21
Optometrical services (Medicare)	240	—	240	—	2	—	2
Non-Medicare other health practitioner	295	184	479	431	1,702	290	2,424
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	6,228	—	6,228	—	1,277	—	1,277
General patients	1,064	—	1,064	—	619	—	619
Safety net	174	—	174	—	22	—	22
No safety net	890	—	890	—	596	—	596
Concessional patients	4,401	—	4,401	—	533	—	533
Safety net	1,067	—	1,067	—	—	—	—
No safety net	3,334	—	3,334	—	533	—	533
Other	762	—	762	—	126	—	126
All other medications	270	20	290	47	4,702	67	4,816
Under copayment PBS items	—	—	—	—	734	—	734
Private prescriptions	—	20	20	47	577	67	691
Other pharmacy medications	—	—	—	—	1,850	—	1,850
Other retail medications	—	—	—	—	1,541	—	1,541
All other medications n.e.c.	270	—	270	—	—	—	—

Notes: See page 154.

Table C3: Medicare expenditure, current prices, by area of expenditure, source of funds^(b) and by state and territory of patient residence, 2006–07 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Australian Government			Non-government			Total health expenditure	
	Direct Outlays	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	Private insurance	Individuals	Total		
NSW								
	In hospital ^(e)	500	88	587	206	386	592	1,179
	Public hospitals	134	24	158	55	104	159	316
	Private hospitals	365	64	430	151	283	433	863
Medical services	Out of hospital	3,553	—	3,553	—	335	335	3,888
	General practitioners	1,452	—	1,452	—	77	77	1,529
	Specialists	965	—	965	—	186	186	1,151
	Imaging/pathology	1,136	—	1,136	—	72	72	1,207
Other health practitioners	Allied health services	38	—	38	—	8	8	46
	Optometrical services	81	—	81	—	1	1	81
Vic								
	In hospital ^(e)	449	86	535	203	237	439	975
	Public hospitals	83	16	99	38	44	81	180
	Private hospitals	366	70	436	165	193	358	794
Medical services	Out of hospital	2,391	—	2,391	—	213	213	2,604
	General practitioners	1,001	—	1,001	—	70	70	1,071
	Specialists	637	—	637	—	94	94	731
	Imaging/pathology	753	—	753	—	49	49	802
Other health practitioners	Allied health services	34	—	34	—	7	7	40
	Optometrical services	58	—	58	—	—	—	58
Qld								
	In hospital ^(e)	371	64	435	150	249	399	833
	Public hospitals	34	6	40	14	23	36	76
	Private hospitals	337	58	395	136	226	362	757
Medical services	Out of hospital	1,846	—	1,846	—	188	188	2,034
	General practitioners	758	—	758	—	61	61	819
	Specialists	471	—	471	—	85	85	556
	Imaging/pathology	617	—	617	—	43	43	660
Other health practitioners	Allied health services	17	—	17	—	3	3	20
	Optometrical services	50	—	50	—	—	—	50
WA								
	In hospital ^(e)	147	33	181	79	96	175	355
	Public hospitals	29	7	36	15	19	34	70
	Private hospitals	118	27	145	63	77	140	285
Medical services	Out of hospital	810	—	810	—	90	90	901
	General practitioners	330	—	330	—	29	29	358
	Specialists	201	—	201	—	37	37	238
	Imaging/pathology	280	—	280	—	24	24	304
Other health practitioners	Allied health services	9	—	9	—	2	2	11
	Optometrical services	22	—	22	—	—	—	22
SA								
	In hospital ^(e)	137	30	167	71	58	129	296
	Public hospitals	22	5	27	12	9	21	48
	Private hospitals	114	25	140	60	48	108	248
Medical services	Out of hospital	721	—	721	—	45	45	766
	General practitioners	312	—	312	—	14	14	326
	Specialists	195	—	195	—	20	20	215
	Imaging/pathology	214	—	214	—	10	10	225
Other health practitioners	Allied health services	6	—	6	—	1	1	7
	Optometrical services	18	—	18	—	—	—	18

(continued)

Table C3 (continued): Medicare expenditure, current prices, by area of expenditure, source of funds^(b) and by state and territory of patient residence, 2006–07 (\$ million)

Area of expenditure	Australian Government			Non-government			Total health expenditure	
	Direct Outlays	Premium rebates ^(c)	Total	Private insurance	Individuals	Total		
Tas								
	In hospital ^(e)	34	7	41	17	19	36	77
	Public hospitals	6	1	8	3	4	7	15
	Private hospitals	27	6	33	13	16	29	62
Medical services	Out of hospital	198	—	198	—	18	18	216
	General practitioners	86	—	86	—	6	6	92
	Specialists	54	—	54	—	6	6	59
	Imaging/pathology	59	—	59	—	6	6	64
Other health practitioners	Allied health services	2	—	2	—	—	—	2
	Optometrical services	6	—	6	—	—	—	6
ACT								
	In hospital ^(e)	24	3	27	7	28	35	61
	Public hospitals	5	1	5	1	5	7	12
	Private hospitals	19	2	21	5	23	28	49
Medical services	Out of hospital	140	—	140	—	35	35	174
	General practitioners	51	—	51	—	13	13	64
	Specialists	39	—	39	—	13	13	53
	Imaging/pathology	49	—	49	—	9	9	58
Other health practitioners	Allied health services	1	—	1	—	—	—	2
	Optometrical services	4	—	4	—	—	—	4
NT								
	In hospital ^(e)	4	1	5	3	3	6	12
	Public hospitals	1	—	1	1	1	1	2
	Private hospitals	3	1	4	2	3	5	9
Medical services	Out of hospital	47	—	47	—	6	6	53
	General practitioners	22	—	22	—	4	4	26
	Specialists	9	—	9	—	1	1	11
	Imaging/pathology	16	—	16	—	1	1	17
Other health practitioners	Allied health services	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Optometrical services	2	—	2	—	—	—	2

Notes: See page 154.

Notes to Appendix C tables

- (a) Public hospital services exclude certain services undertaken in hospitals. Can include services provided off-site, such as hospital in the home, dialysis or other services (see Box 4.1).
- (b) Tables show funding provided by the Australian Government, state and territory governments and local government authorities and by the major non-government sources of funding for health care. They do not show total expenditure on health goods and services by the different service provider sectors.
- (c) Includes the 30–40% rebate on health insurance premiums that can be claimed either directly from the Australian Government through the taxation system or it may involve a reduced premium being charged by the private health insurance fund.
- (d) ‘Other’ includes expenditure on health goods and services by workers compensation and compulsory third-party motor vehicle insurers, as well as other sources of income (for example, interest earned) for service providers.
- (e) Estimates are based on DRG cost weight-adjusted proportions of separations in public and private hospitals, sourced from the AIHW National Hospital Morbidity database.

Note: Components in some appendix tables may not add to totals due to rounding.

Appendix D: Health expenditure on Disease groups

Estimates of health expenditure on disease and injury have been revised since the release of *Australia's health 2008* (AIHW 2008d) and *Health expenditure Australia 2006–07* (AIHW 2008a). Although total allocated expenditure has remained unchanged, there have been revisions to expenditure by broad disease group.

Which diseases have the most spent on them?

Of the \$52.7 billion of recurrent expenditure allocated to disease and injury groups in 2004–05, more than half (57% or \$29.8 billion) was accounted for by the following seven groups (Table D1):

- cardiovascular diseases – \$5.9 billion (11% of total allocated health expenditure)
- oral health – \$5.3 billion (10%)
- mental disorders – \$4.1 billion (8%)
- musculoskeletal diseases – \$4.0 billion (7%)
- neoplasms – \$3.8 billion (7%)
- injuries – \$3.4 billion (6%)
- respiratory diseases – \$3.3 billion (6%)

There is no necessary connection between how much is spent on a specific disease and the amount of burden (arising from premature deaths and disability) from that disease.

Oral health, for example, accounted for over 10% of allocated health expenditure in 2004–05, yet is responsible for less than 1% of the total disease and injury burden in Australia. On the other hand, neoplasms consumed 7% of allocated health expenditure, but are responsible for nearly one-fifth (19%) of premature death and disability in Australia (Table D1).

Why is there no necessary connection between expenditure and burden? First, the burden estimates are estimates of the health problems that exist in spite of the current prevention and treatment strategies. They do not tell us what the burden would have been if no expenditure was devoted to those diseases. So the low burden for oral health of 1% represents the success of the \$5.3 billion expenditure in this area.

Second, the current commitment of resources to a particular disease – regardless of its contribution to total burden – may well represent a good investment if, without it, the burden would have been much higher. The only way to assess whether current levels of disease expenditure are 'worth it', is to consider the cost and effectiveness (in terms of burden avoided) of current programs (Begg et al. 2007). Such analysis is beyond the scope of this report.

The mental disorders burden is 13% of the total burden. This does not mean that mental disorders expenditure should be 13% of total expenditure. Policy makers should consider whether there should be an increase in the current 8% of health expenditure spent on mental health, if a proposed new mental health program provides a benefit which exceeds its cost.

For all diseases combined, 46% of allocated health expenditure was for admitted patients in hospitals, 23% of expenditure was for out-of-hospital medical services, 15% for prescription pharmaceuticals, 10% for dental services, 3% for research and 3% for community mental health, public health cancer screening and optometrical services combined (calculated from Table D1).

Table D1: Allocated health expenditure in Australia, by disease group and area of health expenditure, 2004–05 (\$ million)

Disease group	Admitted patients ^(a)	Out-of-hospital medical services	Optometrical and dental services	Prescription pharmaceuticals ^{(b)(c)}	Community and public health ^(d)	Research	Total expenditure allocated by disease	Per cent of total allocated expenditure	Per cent of DALYs in 2003 ^(e)
Infectious & parasitic	482	451	..	199	..	184	1,315	2.5	1.7
Respiratory	1,477	1,039	..	725	..	69	3,311	6.3	8.4
Maternal conditions	1,539	116	..	4	..	12	1,671	3.2	0.1
Neonatal causes	422	20	..	1	..	12	455	0.9	1.3
Neoplasms	2,381	570	..	236	222	378	3,787	7.2	19.4
Diabetes mellitus	371	288	..	275	..	55	989	1.9	5.5
Endocrine, nutritional and metabolic	448	500	..	1,042	..	110	2,100	4.0	1.1
Mental disorders	1,411	538	..	854	1,177	148	4,128	7.8	13.3
Nervous system disorders	985	782	218	464	..	291	2,739	5.2	11.9
<i>Alzheimer's and other dementias</i>	169	32	..	91	..	35	327	0.6	3.6
<i>Other nervous system</i>	816	750	218	373	..	256	2,412	4.6	8.3
Cardiovascular	3,009	1,133	..	1,636	..	164	5,942	11.3	18.0
Digestive system	1,849	447	..	764	..	48	3,107	5.9	2.2
Genitourinary	1,431	779	..	111	..	24	2,345	4.5	2.5
Skin diseases	398	454	..	102	..	13	966	1.8	0.8
Musculoskeletal	2,003	1,181	..	680	..	92	3,956	7.5	4.0
Congenital anomalies	209	24	..	2	..	54	290	0.6	1.3
Oral health	186	22	5,064	6	..	27	5,305	10.1	0.9
Injuries	2,422	845	..	124	..	14	3,405	6.5	7.0
Signs, symptoms, ill-defined conditions and other contact with health system ^(f)	3,195	2,712	..	919	..	22	6,848	13.0	0.7
Total	24,221	11,900	5,282	8,144	1,399	1,715	52,660	100.0	100.0

(a) Includes public and private acute hospitals, and psychiatric hospitals. Also includes medical services provided to private admitted patients in hospital.

(b) Includes all pharmaceuticals for which a prescription is needed, including benefit-paid prescriptions, private prescriptions and under copayment prescriptions.

(c) Excludes over-the-counter medicaments such as vitamins and minerals, patient medicines, first aid and wound care products, analgesics, feminine hygiene products, cold sore preparations, and a number of complementary health products that are sold in both pharmacies and other retail outlets.

(d) Comprises expenditure on community mental health services and public health cancer screening programs.

(e) 'Disability-adjusted life years' comprise years lost due to premature death and years of 'healthy life' lost due to disability (Begg et al. 2007).

(f) 'Signs, symptoms and ill-defined conditions' includes diagnostic and other services for signs, symptoms and ill-defined conditions where the cause of the problem is unknown. 'Other contact with the health system' includes fertility control, reproduction and development; elective plastic surgery; general prevention, screening and health examination; and treatment and aftercare for unspecified disease.

Note: The total expenditure and proportions presented in this table are not comparable with total expenditure and proportions from 2000–01 due to the exclusion of a number of areas of expenditure from the 2004–05 estimates.

Source: AIHW Disease expenditure database; Begg et al. 2007.

Appendix E: Price indexes and deflation

The term ‘current prices’ refers to expenditures reported for a particular year, unadjusted for inflation. So changes in current price expenditures reflect changes in both price and the level of use of goods and services in the economy (the volume component).

Constant price expenditure aims to remove the effects of inflation. So changes in constant price expenditures attempt to reflect changes in just the amount (volume) of goods and services in the economy. The transformation of a current price expenditure number into its constant price counterpart is called ‘deflation’ and the price indexes used in this transformation are called ‘deflators’.

Price indexes

There are a wide variety of price indexes (deflators) for the Australian health sector, and these may be distinguished in several ways:

- By the scope of the index – the economic variable to which the price indexes refer (such as all health expenditure, capital consumption, capital expenditure, and so on); the economic agents over which the indexes are aggregated (such as all agents, households, all government, state and territory governments, and so on); or by the segment of health services to which the indexes refer (such as all health services, medical services, pharmaceuticals, and so on).
- By the technical manner in which the indexes are constructed – such as implicit price deflators (IPDs) or directly computed indexes (base-weighted, current-weighted or symmetric indexes, chained or unchained indexes, and so on).

Different indexes are appropriate for different analytical purposes. For this report, the AIHW prefers indexes whose scope matches the particular health services being analysed rather than broadbrush indexes that cover all health services. Chain indexes, which give better measures of pure price change, are preferred to IPDs. But the suite of available indexes is not always ideal, and in some cases it has been necessary to resort to proxies for the preferred indexes. Note that neither the consumer price index (CPI) nor its health services subgroup is appropriate for measuring movements in overall prices of health goods and services, nor for deflating macro expenditure aggregates. This is because the CPI measures movements in the prices faced by households only. The overall CPI and its components do not, for example, include government subsidies, benefit payments and non-marketed services provided by governments.

The deflators that the AIHW uses in this report are either annually re-weighted Laspeyres (base period weighted) chain price indexes or implicit price deflators (IPDs). The chain price indexes are calculated at a detailed level, and they provide a close approximation to measures of pure price change while IPDs are affected by compositional changes. The IPD for GDP is the broadest measure of price change available in the national accounts; it provides an indication of the overall changes in the prices of goods and services produced in Australia. The reference year for both the chain price indexes and the IPDs in this report is 2007–08. Constant price estimates therefore indicate what expenditure would have been had 2007–08 prices applied in all years. The change in constant price expenditures is a measure of changes in the volume of health goods and services.

There are nine different deflators used in this report (Table E1). Most deflators are very specific to the type of expenditure they are applied to. For example, all hospitals use the government final consumption expenditure (GFCE) hospitals and nursing homes deflator.

Table E1: Area of health expenditure, by type of deflator applied

Area of expenditure	Deflator applied
Public hospitals ^(a) / Public hospital services ^(a)	GFCE hospitals and nursing homes
Private hospitals	GFCE hospitals and nursing homes
Patient transport services	GFCE hospitals and nursing homes
Medical services	Medicare medical services fees charged
Dental services	Dental services ^(b)
Other health practitioners	Other health practitioners ^(b)
Community health and other	Professional health workers wage rate index ^(b)
Public health	GFCE hospitals and nursing homes
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	PBS pharmaceuticals
All other medications	HFCE on chemist goods
Aids and appliances	Aids and appliances ^(b)
Administration	Professional health workers wage rate index
Research	Professional health workers wage rate index
Capital expenditure	Gross fixed capital formation
Capital consumption	Gross fixed capital formation
Non-specific tax expenditure	Professional health workers wage rate index

(a) See Box 4.1 for details on the distinction between public hospitals and public hospital services.

(b) These deflators were first used in *Health expenditure Australia 2005–06* (AIHW 2007a) and replaced those used in previous editions.

The following deflators are sourced from the ABS: GFCE hospitals and nursing homes, professional health workers wage rate index, HFCE on chemist goods, gross fixed capital formation and gross domestic product. The ABS deflators use 2006–07 as their base year but for this report the AIHW has re-referenced them to 2007–08. The chain price index for Medicare medical services fees charged and the IPD for PBS pharmaceuticals have been derived by the AIHW from Medicare Australia and Pharmaceutical Pricing Authority data respectively. The IPDs for dental services, other health practitioners and aids and appliances have been derived by the AIHW from ABS and PHIAC data. The total health price index is discussed in detail below.

Total health price index

The total health price index (THPI) is the AIHW's index of annual ratios of total national health expenditure at current prices, to estimated total national health expenditure at constant prices. All values in the THPI for this report are referenced to 2007–08, (that is, the values are given a value of 100 in 2007–08). Thus, because in most years there is positive health inflation, prices in all years prior to the reference year would be expected to be lower than those applying in the reference year. Therefore all years prior to the reference year would usually have an index number of less than 100.

The AIHW's method for deriving constant price estimates also allows it to produce THPIs for each state and territory. As the national THPI is a measure of the change in average health prices from year to year, at the national level it can be utilised as a broad deflator for the health sector. It is not the deflator that is used to convert current price expenditures to

constant price estimates in the AIHW's national health accounts. This is done at the individual expenditure component level.

The national THPI provides the most useful available measure of overall health inflation in Australia. As such, it has now been integrated into the indexation formula for payments in support of the National Healthcare Agreement under the Intergovernmental Agreement on Federal Financial Relations, implicitly in 2009–10 and explicitly thereafter.

Table E2 shows the THPI and other industry-wide indexes used in this report, referenced to 2007–08, while Table E3 shows the corresponding annual growth rates for each of these indexes over the past decade.

Table E2: Total health price index and industry-wide indexes (reference year 2007-08 = 100)

Index	1997-98	1998-99	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08
Total health price index ^(a)	71.91	73.74	75.50	78.41	81.01	83.88	86.83	90.43	94.03	97.15	100.00
Government final consumption expenditure on hospitals and nursing homes	71.64	73.58	75.24	77.74	80.18	82.93	85.94	89.11	92.93	96.57	100.00
Medicare medical services fees charged ^(b)	64.10	65.83	67.64	70.61	74.70	78.72	82.90	89.35	94.37	97.34	100.00
Dental services ^(a)	62.62	64.71	68.10	71.99	75.48	78.88	82.24	87.52	91.08	96.13	100.00
Other health practitioners ^(a)	67.90	69.76	71.96	76.71	83.89	88.91	91.00	93.63	98.16	100.11	100.00
Professional health workers wage rates	67.96	70.20	72.13	74.77	77.69	80.96	84.55	88.27	92.14	96.24	100.00
PBS pharmaceuticals ^(a)	97.83	98.38	98.57	98.71	98.77	98.85	98.94	99.09	99.30	99.52	100.00
HFCE on chemist goods	85.00	84.80	85.49	88.15	88.55	89.73	91.91	94.77	97.24	98.72	100.00
Aids and appliances ^(a)	79.22	79.03	79.68	82.16	82.53	84.53	90.40	92.75	95.24	97.28	100.00
Australian Government gross fixed capital formation	131.85	126.10	120.44	120.24	115.87	109.50	101.09	99.41	98.11	98.35	100.00
State, territory and local government gross fixed capital formation	86.58	87.01	87.43	88.83	88.46	89.21	89.06	91.23	93.94	96.91	100.00
Private gross fixed capital formation	83.21	83.89	84.40	88.26	89.18	89.89	91.08	93.48	95.32	97.64	100.00
Gross domestic product	71.85	71.89	73.37	76.93	79.11	81.45	84.29	87.48	91.54	95.78	100.00

(a) IPD, constructed by the AIHW.

(b) Chain price index, constructed by the AIHW.

Table E3: Growth rates for the total health price index and industry-wide indexes, 1997-98 to 2007-08 (per cent)

Index	1997-98 to	1998-99 to	1999-00 to	2000-01 to	2001-02 to	2001-02 to	2002-03 to	2003-04 to	2003-04 to	2004-05 to	2005-06 to	2005-06 to	2006-07 to	2006-07 to	2007-08
	1998-99	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	2002-03	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2006-07	2007-08	2007-08	2007-08
Total health price index ^(a)	2.5	2.4	3.9	3.3	3.5	3.5	3.5	4.2	4.0	4.0	3.3	3.3	2.9	2.9	2.9
Government final consumption expenditure on hospitals and nursing homes	2.7	2.3	3.3	3.1	3.4	3.4	3.6	3.7	4.3	4.3	3.9	3.9	3.6	3.6	3.6
Medicare medical services fees charged ^(b)	2.7	2.8	4.4	5.8	5.4	5.4	5.3	7.8	5.6	5.6	3.1	3.1	2.7	2.7	2.7
Dental services ^(a)	3.3	5.2	5.7	4.8	4.5	4.5	4.3	6.4	4.1	4.1	5.5	5.5	4.0	4.0	4.0
Other health practitioners ^(a)	2.7	3.2	6.6	9.4	6.0	6.0	2.3	2.9	4.8	4.8	2.0	2.0	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1
Professional health workers wage rates	3.3	2.8	3.7	3.9	4.2	4.2	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4	3.9	3.9	3.9
PBS pharmaceuticals ^(a)	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.5	0.5
HFCE on chemist goods	-0.2	0.8	3.1	0.4	1.3	1.3	2.4	3.1	2.6	2.6	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.3
Aids and appliances ^(a)	-0.2	0.8	3.1	0.4	2.4	2.4	6.9	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.1	2.1	2.8	2.8	2.8
Australian Government gross fixed capital formation	-4.4	-4.5	-0.2	-3.6	-5.5	-5.5	-7.7	-1.7	-1.3	-1.3	0.2	0.2	1.7	1.7	1.7
State, territory and local government gross fixed capital formation	0.5	0.5	1.6	-0.4	0.9	0.9	-0.2	2.4	3.0	3.0	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2
Private gross fixed capital formation	0.8	0.6	4.6	1.0	0.8	0.8	1.3	2.6	2.0	2.0	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4
Gross domestic product	0.1	2.1	4.9	2.8	3.0	3.0	3.5	3.8	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.4	4.4	4.4

(a) IPD, constructed by the AIHW.

(b) Chain price index, constructed by the AIHW.

Appendix F: Population

The per person estimates of expenditure are calculated using estimates of annual mean resident population, which are based on quarterly estimated resident population data from the ABS (ABS 2009b).

The mean resident population (mean population) is calculated by the following formula:

$$\text{mean population} = \frac{a + 4b + 2c + 4d + e}{12}$$

where a is the population at the end of the quarter immediately preceding the 12-month period, and b, c, d and e are the populations at the end of each of the four succeeding quarters. The weights used in the formulation of the mean annual population have been derived using a mathematical technique which involves the fitting of two quadratic polynomial functions to a series of points (ABS 1997:38).

Table F1 and Table F2 show the Australian mean resident population and state and territory mean resident population, while Table F3 shows annual population growth. Table F4 shows the number of insured persons with hospital treatment cover between 1997–98 and 2007–08.

Table F1: Australian mean resident population, 1997–98 to 2007–08

Year	Population ('000)
1997–98	18,617.0
1998–99	18,820.9
1999–00	19,043.9
2000–01	19,284.1
2001–02	19,536.8
2002–03	19,776.2
2003–04	20,016.2
2004–05	20,261.7
2005–06	20,551.0
2006–07	20,885.7
2007–08	21,246.1

Sources: ABS 2009b and AIHW health expenditure database.

Table F2: Mean resident population, by state and territory, 1997–98 to 2007–08 ('000)

Year	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
1997–98	6,309.2	4,618.1	3,422.2	1,808.9	1,485.6	472.9	309.1	188.4	18,617.0
1998–99	6,376.2	4,663.1	3,474.2	1,837.1	1,493.7	471.8	310.8	191.3	18,820.9
1999–00	6,449.8	4,715.3	3,531.4	1,863.2	1,502.1	471.6	313.8	194.2	19,043.9
2000–01	6,531.0	4,774.0	3,594.4	1,888.5	1,508.4	471.5	317.1	196.5	19,284.1
2001–02	6,605.6	4,835.0	3,671.0	1,914.5	1,516.5	472.3	320.9	198.5	19,536.8
2002–03	6,652.2	4,894.1	3,763.7	1,938.8	1,526.2	475.0	324.3	199.4	19,776.2
2003–04	6,691.1	4,954.1	3,856.4	1,968.3	1,536.1	480.6	326.4	200.8	20,016.2
2004–05	6,732.1	5,016.6	3,947.0	1,999.8	1,546.4	484.7	328.6	204.1	20,261.7
2005–06	6,788.7	5,088.5	4,043.6	2,038.4	1,560.3	488.4	332.2	208.5	20,551.0
2006–07	6,862.0	5,174.3	4,141.8	2,086.3	1,577.2	491.7	337.3	212.6	20,885.7
2007–08	6,944.3	5,266.3	4,242.2	2,140.9	1,594.5	495.5	342.7	217.3	21,246.1

Note: Components may not add to totals due to rounding.

Source: AIHW health expenditure database.

Table F3: Annual population growth, by state and territory, 1997–98 to 2007–08 (per cent)

Period	NSW	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	ACT	NT	Australia
1997–98 to 1998–99	1.1	1.0	1.5	1.6	0.5	-0.2	0.6	1.5	1.1
1998–99 to 1999–00	1.2	1.1	1.6	1.4	0.6	0.0	0.9	1.5	1.2
1999–00 to 2000–01	1.3	1.2	1.8	1.4	0.4	0.0	1.1	1.2	1.3
2000–01 to 2001–02	1.1	1.3	2.1	1.4	0.5	0.2	1.2	1.0	1.3
2001–02 to 2002–03	0.7	1.2	2.5	1.3	0.6	0.6	1.0	0.4	1.2
2002–03 to 2003–04	0.6	1.2	2.5	1.5	0.6	1.2	0.6	0.7	1.2
2003–04 to 2004–05	0.6	1.3	2.4	1.6	0.7	0.9	0.7	1.6	1.2
2004–05 to 2005–06	0.8	1.4	2.4	1.9	0.9	0.8	1.1	2.2	1.4
2005–06 to 2006–07	1.1	1.7	2.4	2.3	1.1	0.7	1.5	1.9	1.6
2006–07 to 2007–08	1.2	1.8	2.4	2.6	1.1	0.8	1.6	2.2	1.7
Average annual growth rate									
1997–98 to 2002–03	1.1	1.2	1.9	1.4	0.5	0.1	1.0	1.1	1.2
2002–03 to 2007–08	0.9	1.5	2.4	2.0	0.9	0.8	1.1	1.7	1.4
1997–98 to 2007–08	1.0	1.3	2.2	1.7	0.7	0.5	1.0	1.4	1.3

Source: AIHW health expenditure database.

Table F4: Number of insured persons with hospital treatment coverage, 1997–98 to 2007–08

Year	NSW & ACT	Vic	Qld	WA	SA	Tas	NT	Australia
1997–98	2,091,486	1,413,287	1,017,037	638,659	475,901	162,257	45,725	5,844,352
1998–99	2,041,511	1,383,185	994,244	642,593	461,174	156,829	45,454	5,724,990
1999–00	2,374,514	1,585,831	1,143,486	712,177	523,524	170,858	52,624	6,563,012
2000–01	3,163,640	2,159,479	1,525,041	920,404	693,120	209,843	70,071	8,741,597
2001–02	3,149,329	2,152,371	1,551,111	913,562	691,659	210,382	66,913	8,735,325
2002–03	3,143,669	2,129,396	1,552,171	906,975	685,336	208,070	64,740	8,690,357
2003–04	3,133,488	2,112,666	1,557,221	907,028	677,275	204,592	63,519	8,655,789
2004–05	3,141,827	2,112,766	1,576,205	920,629	674,882	205,013	63,337	8,694,657
2005–06	3,169,613	2,128,507	1,614,167	949,550	679,193	204,546	63,821	8,809,398
2006–07	3,225,824	2,180,529	1,675,599	991,121	689,397	206,560	66,127	9,035,157
2007–08	3,331,903	2,267,809	1,774,475	1,055,205	708,720	212,894	72,645	9,423,650

Source: PHIA.

Glossary

Accrual accounting	The method of accounting now most commonly used by governments in Australia. Relates expenses, revenues and accruals to the period in which they are incurred (see also <i>Cash accounting</i>).
Admitted patient	A patient who undergoes a hospital's formal admission process to receive treatment and/or care. This treatment and/or care is provided over a period of time and can occur in hospital and/or in the person's home (for hospital-in-the-home patients).
Aids and appliances	Durable medical goods dispensed to ambulatory patients that are used more than once, for therapeutic purposes, such as glasses, hearing aids, wheelchairs and orthopaedic appliances and prosthetics that are not implanted surgically but are external to the user of the appliance. Excludes prostheses fitted as part of admitted patient care in a hospital.
Australian Government administered expenses	Expenses incurred by the Australian Government Department of Health and Ageing (DoHA) in administering resources on behalf of the government to contribute to the specified outcome. For example, most grants in which the grantee has some control over how, when and to whom funds can be expended, including Public Health Outcome Funding Agreements (PHOFAs) payments and specific purpose payments to state and territory governments) (see also <i>Australian Government departmental expenses</i>).
Australian Government departmental expenses	Those expenses incurred by the Australian Government Department of Health and Ageing (DoHA) in the production of the Department's outputs. This mostly consists of the cost of employees but also includes suppliers of goods and services, particularly those where the Australian Government retains full control of how, when and to whom funds are to be provided.
Australian Government expenditure	Total expenditure actually incurred by the Australian Government on its own health programs. It does not include the funding provided by the Australian Government to the states and territories by way of grants under section 96 of the Constitution.
Australian Government funding	The sum of Australian Government expenditure and section 96 grants to states and territories. This also includes the 30–40% private health insurance premium rebates.
Australian Health Care Agreements (AHCAs)	The Australian Government, via a series of 5-year agreements, provides funding to each state and territory to support the provision of free public hospital services and some related state health services to all Australians. See Box 4.2 for details.
Average annual growth rate	To calculate the average annual growth rate in health expenditure between 1997–98 and 2007–08 you would apply the following formula: $\left(\frac{\$ \text{million in 2007–08}}{\$ \text{million in 1997–98}}\right)^{(1/10)} - 1 \times 100.$
Benefit-paid pharmaceuticals	Pharmaceuticals that are listed in the schedule of pharmaceuticals under the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) and the Repatriation Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (RPBS) for which pharmaceutical benefits have been paid or are payable. Does not include listed pharmaceutical items the full cost of which is met from the patient copayment under the PBS or RPBS.
Bulk-billed service under Medicare	If a practitioner agrees to the bulk-billing method, the patient assigns his/her right to a Medicare benefit to the practitioner as full payment for the medical service. The practitioner (or any other person or company) cannot make any additional charge for the service. The practitioner then claims the Medicare benefit from Medicare in full payment of the service.
Capital consumption	Is sometimes referred to as depreciation and represents the amount of fixed capital used up each year in the provision of health goods and services.
Capital expenditure	Expenditure on fixed assets (for example, new buildings and equipment with a useful life that extends beyond one year). This does not include changes in inventories. This term is used in this publication to refer to what the ABS calls Gross fixed capital formation. See <i>capital formation</i> .
Capital formation	Gross fixed capital formation is the value of acquisitions less disposals of new or existing fixed assets. Assets consist of tangible or intangible assets that have come into existence as outputs from processes of production, and that are

	<p>themselves used repeatedly or continuously in other processes of production over periods of time longer than 1 year. See <i>Australian national accounts: concepts, sources and methods</i> (ABS cat. no. 5216.0, November 2000) for further details.</p>
Cash accounting	<p>Relates receipts and payments to the period in which the cash transfer actually occurred. Does not have the capacity to reflect non-cash transactions, such as depreciation (see also <i>Accrual accounting</i>).</p>
Chain price index	<p>An annually re-weighted index providing a close approximation to measures of pure price change.</p>
Community health services	<p>Non-residential health services offered by establishments to patients/clients, in an integrated and coordinated manner in a community setting, or the coordination of health services elsewhere in the community. Such services are provided by, or on behalf of state and territory governments.</p> <p>Includes, for example:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • well baby clinics • health services provided to particular groups, such as Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people, women, youth and migrants, as well as family planning services, alcohol and drug treatment services, and so forth. • specialised mental health programs for patients with mental illness that are delivered in a community setting.
Constant prices	<p>Constant price expenditure adjusts current prices for the effects of inflation, that is, it aims to remove the effects of inflation. Constant price estimates for expenditure aggregates have been derived using either annually re-weighted chain price indexes or implicit price deflators (IPDs). The reference year for both the chain price indexes and the IPDs is 2007–08 in this report. Constant price estimates indicate what expenditure would have been had 2007–08 prices applied in all years. Hence, expenditures in different years can be compared on a dollar-for-dollar basis, using this measure of changes in the volume of health goods and services.</p>
Current prices	<p>The term 'current prices' refers to expenditures reported for a particular year, unadjusted for inflation. So changes in current price expenditures reflect changes in both price and volume.</p>
Dental services	<p>A range of services provided by registered dental practitioners. Includes oral and maxillofacial surgery items; orthodontic, pedodontic and periodontic services; cleft lip and palate services; dental assessment and treatment; and other dental items listed in the MBS.</p>
Excess health inflation	<p>The difference where the health inflation rate exceeds the general inflation rate; that is, the rate of increase in the price of goods and services in the health care sector exceeds the rate of increase in the price of goods and services in the economy as a whole.</p>
General inflation	<p>The increase in the general price level of goods and services in the economy.</p>
Government finance statistics (GFS)	<p>Provides details of revenues, expenses, cash flows, assets and liabilities of the Australian public sector and comprises units which are owned and/or controlled by the Australian Government, state and territory governments and local governments. See ABS 2005 for further details.</p>
Government Purpose Classification	<p>An ABS classification that classifies current outlays, capital outlays and selected other transactions of the non-financial public sector in terms of the government purposes for which the transactions are made. See ABS 2005 for further details.</p>
Gross domestic product (GDP)	<p>A statistic commonly used to indicate national income. It is the total market value of goods and services produced within a given period after deducting the cost of goods and services used up in the process of production but before deducting allowances for the consumption of fixed capital.</p>
Health administration	<p>Activities related to the formulation and administration of government and non-government policy in health and in the setting and enforcement of standards for health personnel and for hospitals, clinics, and so forth. Includes the regulation and licensing of providers of health services. Where possible, administrative costs related to the delivery of particular health goods and services are added to the direct expenditure on those goods and services.</p>

Health inflation	The increase in the price level of goods and services in the health sector.
Health research	<p>Research undertaken at tertiary institutions, in private non-profit organisations and in government facilities that has a health socioeconomic objective.</p> <p>Excludes commercially oriented research funded by private business, the costs of which are assumed to be included in the prices charged for the goods and services (for example medications that have been developed and/or supported by research activities).</p>
Highly specialised drugs	Under Section 100 of the National Health Act, certain drugs can only be supplied to patients through hospitals because only the hospitals can provide the facilities or staff necessary to oversee the appropriate use of the drugs. These drugs are funded by the Australian Government.
Hospital services	Services of a type that are normally provided to a patient who is receiving admitted patient services or non-admitted patient services in a hospital but <i>excludes</i> dental services, community health services, patient transport services, public health activities and health research undertaken within the hospital. Can include services provided off-site, such as hospital in the home, dialysis or other services.
Household final consumption expenditure (HFCE)	Net expenditure on goods and services by households and by private non-profit institutions serving households.
Implicit price deflator (IPD)	An index obtained using the ratio of current price expenditure to constant price expenditure.
Individuals' out-of-pocket funding	Payments by individuals where they meet the full cost of a good or service as well as where they share the cost of goods and services with third-party payers, for example, private health insurance funds or the Australian Government.
Injury compensation insurers	Workers compensation and compulsory third-party motor vehicle insurers.
Inpatient	An OECD term that roughly equates with the Australian 'admitted patient' classification (see <i>Admitted patient</i>).
Jurisdictions	State, territory and local governments.
Local government	A public sector unit where the political authority underlying its function is limited to a local government area or other region within a state or territory, or the functions involve policies that are primarily of concern at the local level.
Medical durables	Therapeutic devices, such as glasses, hearing aids and wheelchairs that can be used more than once.
Medical services	<p>Includes services provided by, or on behalf of, registered medical practitioners that are funded by the Medicare Benefits Schedule (MBS), DVA, compulsory motor vehicle third party insurance, workers compensation insurance, private health insurance funds, Australian Government premium rebates allocated to medical services, Medicare copayments and other out-of-pocket payments.</p> <p>Most medical services in Australia are provided on a fee for service basis and attract benefits from the Australian Government under Medicare. This includes both private in-hospital medical services and out-of-hospital medical services.</p> <p>It also includes non-MBS medical services, such as the provision of vaccines for overseas travel, as well as some expenditure by the Australian Government under funding arrangements that are alternatives to the fees for service.</p> <p>Excludes medical services provided to public admitted patients in public hospitals and medical services provided to public patients at outpatient clinics in public hospitals.</p>
Medical expenses tax rebate	<p>This tax rebate applies in regard to a wide range of health expenditures, not just expenses associated with doctors as its name might suggest. It is currently the only component of the category 'non-specific tax expenditure'. As the name indicates, 'non-specific tax expenditures' are those tax expenditures that cannot be specifically allocated to the various areas of health expenditure.</p> <p>Individuals are able to claim a rebate in respect of that part of their eligible personal health expenses that exceeds a threshold in an income year. For the 2007–08 income year, the tax rebate was 20 cents for each \$1 by which a taxpayer's net medical expenses exceeded \$1,500 (the threshold).</p>

	<p>These tax expenditures are a form of funding only. The related expenditures have already been allocated to particular area(s) of health expenditure, but it is not possible to allocate this form of funding to particular health expenditure areas.</p> <p>The Australian Department of the Treasury estimates other tax expenditures in the health area, such as the cost of exempting low income earners from the Medicare levy. These tax expenditures are not included in the Australian NHA framework.</p>
Medications	Comprises benefit-paid pharmaceuticals and other medications.
Nominal expenditure	Expenditure expressed in terms of current prices.
Non-admitted patient	Patients who receive care from a recognised non-admitted patient service/clinic of a hospital.
Non-specific tax expenditure	See <i>medical expenses tax rebate</i> .
Other health practitioner services	Services provided by health practitioners (other than doctors and dentists). These include chiropractors, optometrists, physiotherapists, speech therapists, audiologists, dietitians, podiatrists, homeopaths, naturopaths, practitioners of Chinese medicine and other forms of traditional medicine.
Other medications	<p>Pharmaceuticals for which no PBS or RPBS benefit was paid and other medications.</p> <p>Includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • pharmaceuticals listed in the PBS or RPBS, the total costs of which are equal to, or less than, the statutory patient contribution for the class of patient concerned • pharmaceuticals dispensed through private prescriptions that do not fulfil the criteria for payment of benefit under the PBS or RPBS • over-the-counter medicines including pharmacy-only medicines, aspirin, cough and cold medicines, vitamins and minerals, herbal and other complementary medicines, and a range of medical non-durables, such as bandages, bandaids and condoms.
Other recurrent health services n.e.c.	Miscellaneous expenditures that could not, at that time, be allocated to the specific health expenditure areas in the matrix.
Over-the-counter medicines	Therapeutic medicinal preparations that can be purchased from pharmacies and supermarkets.
Over-the-counter therapeutic medical non-durables	Non-prescription therapeutic goods that tend to be single-use items, such as bandages, elastic stockings, condoms and other mechanical contraceptive devices, from pharmacies or supermarkets.
Patient transport services	<p>Expenditure by organisations primarily engaged in providing transportation of patients by ground or air, along with health (or medical) care. These services are often provided during a medical emergency but are not restricted to emergencies. The vehicles are equipped with lifesaving equipment operated by medically trained personnel. Includes public ambulance services or flying doctor services, such as Royal Flying Doctor Service and Care Flight. Also includes patient transport programs, such as patient transport vouchers or support programs to assist isolated patients with travel to obtain specialised health care.</p> <p>For 2003–04 onwards, this category includes patient transport expenses that are included in the operating costs of public hospitals.</p>
Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS)	A national, government-funded scheme that subsidises the cost of a wide range of pharmaceutical drugs, and that covers all Australians to help them afford standard medications.
Private Health Insurance Incentives Scheme (PHIIS)	The PHIIS, which was introduced on 1 July 1997, was to encourage more people to take out private health insurance by providing a subsidy to low-income earners who did, and a tax penalty to high-income earners who did not. Middle-income earners were not the target of this policy and as such they were neither eligible for the tax subsidy nor liable to incur a tax penalty, regardless of their private health insurance status. The scheme ceased operation on 31 December 1998.

Private hospital	A health care provider facility, other than a public hospital, that has been established under state or territory legislation as a hospital or freestanding day procedure unit and authorised to facilitate the provision of hospital services to patients. A private hospital is not defined by whether it is privately owned but by whether it is <i>not</i> a public hospital (as defined below). Private hospital expenditure includes expenditures incurred by a private hospital in providing contracted and/or ad hoc treatments for public patients.
Private patient	A person admitted to a private hospital, or a person admitted to a public hospital who is treated by a doctor of their own choice and/or who has private ward accommodation. This means that the patient will be charged for medical services, food and accommodation.
Public health activities	<p>Nine types of activities undertaken or funded by the key jurisdictional health departments that address issues related to populations, rather than individuals. These activities comprise:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • communicable disease control • selected health promotion • organised immunisation • environmental health • food standards and hygiene • breast cancer, cervical and bowel cancer screening • prevention of hazardous and harmful drug use • public health research. <p>These activities do not include treatment services.</p>
Public health services	<p>Services provided and/or funded by governments that are aimed at protecting and promoting the health of the whole population or specified population subgroups and/or preventing illness or injury in the whole population or specified population subgroups.</p> <p>Public health services do not include treatment services.</p> <p>For 1999–00 onwards public health services also include departmental costs for the following departmental regulators: Therapeutic Goods Administration, Office of Gene Technology Regulator and the National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme. These departmental costs are not included in the <i>National public health expenditure</i> or <i>Public health expenditure in Australia</i> reports.</p>
Public hospital	A health care provider facility that has been established under state or territory legislation as a hospital or as a freestanding day procedure unit. Public hospitals are operated by, or on behalf of, the government of the state or territory in which they are established and are authorised under that state/territory's legislation to provide or facilitate the provision of hospital services to patients. Public hospitals are recognised under the AHCAs and include some hospitals, such as some denominational hospitals, that are privately owned. Defence force hospitals are not included in the scope of public hospitals.
Public hospital services	The balance of public hospital expenditure remaining, after community health services, public health services, non-admitted dental services, patient transport services and health research activities that are undertaken by public hospitals have been removed and reallocated to their own expenditure categories.
Public patient	A patient admitted to a public hospital who is treated by doctors of the hospital's choice and accepts shared ward accommodation if necessary. This means that the patient is not charged.
Purchasing power parity (PPP)	This exchange rate is one which adjusts for differences in the prices of goods and services between countries. It shows how much the same good or service will cost across countries.

Real expenditure	Expenditure that has been adjusted to remove the effects of inflation (for example, expenditure for all years has been compiled using 2007–08 prices). Removing the effects of inflation enables comparisons to be made between expenditures in different years on an equal dollar-for-dollar basis. Changes in real expenditure measure the change in the volume of goods and services produced.
Rebates of health insurance premiums	<p>Introduced in January 1999, a non-means tested rebate on private health insurance premiums replaced the PHHS subsidy. There are two types of rebates of health insurance premiums.</p> <p>The first rebate is where the 30–40% rebate is taken as a reduced premium payable by the individual with private health cover (with the health claiming payment from the Australian Government).</p> <p>The second rebate is taken as an income tax rebate, where individuals with private health cover elect to claim the rebate through the tax system at the end of the financial year for the 30–40% rebate, having paid the health funds 100% of their premiums up front.</p>
Recurrent expenditure	Expenditure incurred by organisations on a recurring basis, for the provision of health goods and services. This excludes capital expenditure. For all years recurrent expenditure includes capital consumption.
Repatriation Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (RPBS)	This scheme provides assistance to eligible veterans (with recognised war or service-related disabilities) and their dependants for both pharmaceuticals listed on the PBS and a supplementary repatriation list, at the same cost as patients entitled to the concessional payment under the PBS.
Specific purpose payments (SPPs)	Australian Government payments to the states and territories under the provisions of section 96 of the Constitution, to be used for purposes specified in agreements between the Australian Government and individual state and territory governments. Some are conditional on states and territories incurring a specified level or proportion of expenditure from their own resources.
State and territory dental services	School dental programs, community dental services and hospital dental programs funded by state and territory health authorities.
Therapeutic	Having to do with the treating or curing of a disease.
Total health price index (THPI)	The ratio of total national health expenditure at current prices, to total national health expenditure at constant prices.

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