

15 State and territory summary tables

This section presents a summary of mental health services data for each state and territory, and for Australia as a whole.

Listed below are the data sources from which the summary information was derived, as well as the corresponding chapter in this report in which the data and related analyses were described. Roman numerals are used in each summary table in this chapter to provide a link between the statistics shown with the data sources, as listed below:

- i Bettering the Evaluation and Care of Health survey of general practitioners (Chapter 2).
- ii Data provided by state and territory health authorities (Chapter 3).
- iii National Community Mental Health Care Database (Chapter 4).
- iv National Hospital Morbidity Database (Chapters 5 and 7).
- v Medicare data (DoHA) (Chapters 2, 6 and 11).
- vi National Residential Mental Health Care Database (Chapter 8).
- vii Supported Accommodation Assistance Program Client Collection (Chapter 9).
- viii Commonwealth State/Territory Disability Agreement National Minimum Data Set (Chapter 10).
- ix Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme and Repatriation Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme data (DoHA) (Chapters 11 and 14).
- x Mental Health Establishments Database (Chapters 12 and 14).
- xi Private Health Establishments Collection (Chapter 12 and 14).
- xii AIHW Medical Labour Force Survey (Chapter 13).
- xiii AIHW Nursing and Midwifery Labour Force Survey (Chapter 13).

For further information on the scope and coverage of each of these data sources, refer to Appendix 1.

15.1 New South Wales

Table 15.1: Mental health services, New South Wales, 2001–02 to 2006–07

Mental health services	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07
Estimated number of mental health-related general practice encounters ^{(a)(i)}	3,375,000	3,158,925*	3,061,082*	3,576,947	3,431,919	3,461,510
95% lower confidence limit	3,059,000	2,920,602*	2,851,222*	3,252,254	3,184,730	3,199,179
95% upper confidence limit	3,691,000	3,397,256*	3,270,956*	3,901,674	3,679,130	3,723,878
Mental health-related occasions of service in emergency departments in public hospitals ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	48,223	53,360	n.a.
Community mental health care service contacts ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	942,307	1,301,233	1,431,729	1,363,770	1,832,177	n.a.
Ambulatory-equivalent mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	31,677	32,579	32,026	32,950	34,030	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	25,528	26,473	26,752	28,093	29,151	n.a.
Public hospitals	8,749	8,893	8,310	7,155	7,060	n.a.
Private hospitals	16,779	17,580	18,442	20,938	22,091	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	6,149	6,106	5,274	4,857	4,879	n.a.
Public hospitals	3,707	3,782	3,830	4,617	4,604	n.a.
Private hospitals	2,442	2,324	1,444	240	275	n.a.
Medicare-subsidised psychiatrist services ^(v)	693,192	666,357	637,448	627,107	615,006	608,203
Mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	59,631	60,703	62,864	63,664	67,773	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	34,529	34,948	36,070	36,517	38,413	n.a.
Public hospitals	26,938	27,815	29,103	28,462	29,983	n.a.
Private hospitals	7,591	7,133	6,967	8,055	8,430	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	25,102	25,755	26,794	27,147	29,360	n.a.
Public hospitals	22,373	23,165	24,305	25,995	28,097	n.a.
Private hospitals	2,729	2,590	2,489	1,152	1,263	n.a.
Episodes of residential mental health care ^(vi)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	388	436	n.a.
SAAP mental health-related closed support periods ^(vii)	3,377	3,001	3,276	3,569	4,757	n.a.
Accommodated	2,798	2,443	2,521	2,646	3,514	n.a.
Supported	579	558	755	923	1,243	n.a.
CSTDA-funded service users with a psychiatric disability ^(viii)	n.a.	n.a.	6,217	6,495*	6,834	n.a.
Residential care	n.a.	n.a.	1,072	1,142	1,218	n.a.
Non-residential care	n.a.	n.a.	5,993	6,175*	6,432	n.a.

(a) The estimated number of encounters is based on the proportion of encounters in the BEACH survey of general practice activity that are mental health-related, multiplied by the total number of Medicare services for Non-Referred (GP) Attendances (excluding Practice Nurse Items) as reported by the Department of Health and Ageing (DoHA 2007b). Note that this method of calculation differs slightly from that used to produce the equivalent table in the previous edition of this publication (AIHW 2007e). Confidence intervals have also been recalculated.

n.a. Not available.

* Indicates where previously published data have been revised.

(i–viii) See page 167 for data sources.

Table 15.2: Mental health-related prescriptions, New South Wales, 2001–02 to 2006–07^(ix)

Mental health-related prescriptions	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07
PBS and RPBS-subsidised prescriptions by psychiatrists	582,034	599,089	605,458	603,368	580,917	581,299
PBS and RPBS-subsidised mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists	5,302,678	5,392,792	5,621,316	5,759,600	5,628,722	5,660,828

(ix) See page 167 for data source.

Table 15.3: Mental health facilities, New South Wales, 2001–02 to 2005–06

Mental health facilities	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
Public psychiatric hospitals ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	9	9	10	10	8
Average available beds	1,075	1,166	1,237	1,161	1,072
Public acute hospitals with a specialised psychiatric unit or ward ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	34	42	44	42	46
Average available beds	n.a.	810	911	895	1,151
Private psychiatric hospitals ^{(b)(xi)}					
Number of hospitals	8	9	9	9	9
Average available beds	444	531	316	494	512
Government-operated residential mental health services ^(x)					
Number of services ^(c)	9	6	7	5	19
Average available beds	161	138	137	138	296

(a) The number of hospitals reported can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of physical hospitals buildings or campuses. Historical data were sourced from the National Public Hospitals Establishments Database and therefore there may differ from 2005–06 data due to definitions and reporting requirements.

(b) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

(c) The count of government-operated community and residential mental health services can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of service outlets.

(x-xi) See page 167 for data sources.

Table 15.4: Workforce: psychiatrists and mental health nurses, New South Wales, 2000–2005

Workforce	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Full-time-equivalent employed psychiatrists and psychiatrists in training ^(xii)	973	922	1,094	1,063	1,129	1,144
Full-time-equivalent employed mental health nurses ^(xiii)	n.a.	4,257	n.a.	4,846	4,336	4,293

n.a. Not available.

(xii–xiii) See page 167 for data sources.

Table 15.5: Recurrent mental health expenditure for public sector mental health services (\$'000), New South Wales, 2001–02 to 2006–07

Mental health expenditure	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07
Total recurrent expenditure for public psychiatric hospitals ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	189,480	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for public acute hospitals with a specialised psychiatric unit or ward ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	271,282	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for community mental health services ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	309,866	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for residential mental health services ^{(a)(x)}	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	24,866	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for private psychiatric hospitals ^{(b)(xi)}	53,504	58,519	57,518	56,228	28,099	n.a.
Medicare expenditure on services provided by psychiatrists ^(v)	65,674	64,809	64,937	69,831	70,604	74,180
Medicare expenditure on services provided by general practitioners ^(v)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	23,546	n.a.
Medicare expenditure on services provided by psychologists ^(v)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	16,619	n.a.
PBS and RPBS expenditure on prescriptions by psychiatrists ^(ix)	32,720	35,135	36,939	38,685	40,036	42,132
PBS and RPBS expenditure on mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists ^(ix)	121,343	133,912	147,926	154,736	155,988	165,637

(a) Residential mental health services includes non-government-operated residential mental health facilities in receipt of funding from state and/or federal government, as reported in the National Mental Health Establishments Database.

(b) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

n.a. Not available.

(v–xi) See page 167 for data sources.

15.2 Victoria

Table 15.6: Mental health services, Victoria, 2001–02 to 2006–07

Mental health services	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07
Estimated number of mental health-related general practice encounters ^{(a)(i)}	2,714,000	2,825,914*	2,665,939*	2,823,060	3,242,467	2,756,515
95% lower confidence limit	2,429,000	2,477,470*	2,426,857*	2,543,588	2,813,312	2,511,151
95% upper confidence limit	2,999,000	3,174,347*	2,905,008*	3,102,549	3,671,599	3,001,882
Mental health-related occasions of service in emergency departments in public hospitals ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	28,757	31,329	n.a.
Community mental health care service contacts ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	1,645,974	1,610,674	1,599,800	1,778,559	1,833,205	n.a.
Ambulatory-equivalent mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	29,289	38,985	41,250	43,165	42,855	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	22,440	31,483	32,568	33,525	33,437	n.a.
Public hospitals	1,068	1,099	624	729	237	n.a.
Private hospitals	21,372	30,384	31,944	32,796	33,200	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	6,849	7,502	8,682	9,640	9,418	n.a.
Public hospitals	5,050	5,129	5,758	5,593	5,721	n.a.
Private hospitals	1,799	2,373	2,924	4,047	3,697	n.a.
Medicare-subsidised psychiatrist services ^(v)	673,637	667,309	658,145	650,089	663,942	656,061
Mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	45,177	47,913	48,558	49,227	50,980	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	23,377	24,341	25,097	24,858	25,696	n.a.
Public hospitals	17,776	17,712	18,192	17,356	17,230	n.a.
Private hospitals	5,601	6,629	6,905	7,502	8,466	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	21,800	23,572	23,461	24,369	25,284	n.a.
Public hospitals	19,048	20,045	20,486	21,968	22,801	n.a.
Private hospitals	2,752	3,527	2,975	2,401	2,483	n.a.
Episodes of residential mental health care ^(vi)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	728	791	n.a.
SAAP mental health-related closed support periods ^(vii)	3,491	4,019	5,071	4,579	8,877	n.a.
Accommodated	1,514	1,689	1,872	2,188	3,125	n.a.
Supported	1,977	2,330	3,199	2,391	5,752	n.a.
CSTDA-funded service users with a psychiatric disability ^(viii)	n.a.	n.a.	16,556*	18,798*	20,784	n.a.
Residential care	n.a.	n.a.	983	948*	963	n.a.
Non-residential care	n.a.	n.a.	8,396	18,631*	20,619	n.a.

(a) The estimated number of encounters is based on the proportion of encounters in the BEACH survey of general practice activity that are mental health-related, multiplied by the total number of Medicare services for Non-Referred (GP) Attendances (excluding Practice Nurse Items) as reported by the Department of Health and Ageing (DoHA 2007b). Note that this method of calculation differs slightly from that used to produce the equivalent table in the previous edition of this publication (AIHW 2007e). Confidence intervals have also been recalculated.

n.a. Not available.

* Indicates where previously published data have been revised.

(i–viii) See page 167 for data sources.

Table 15.7: Mental health-related prescriptions, Victoria, 2001–02 to 2006–07^(ix)

Mental health-related prescriptions	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07
PBS and RPBS-subsidised prescriptions by psychiatrists	532,700	547,564	560,968	578,440	567,175	562,219
PBS and RPBS-subsidised mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists	4,402,151	4,496,990	4,713,821	4,891,159	4,843,466	4,817,164

(ix) See page 167 for data source.

Table 15.8: Mental health facilities, Victoria, 2001–02 to 2005–06

Mental health facilities	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
Public psychiatric hospitals ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	1	1	1	1	2
Average available beds	95	95	115	115	116
Public acute hospitals with a specialised psychiatric unit or ward ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	32	37	31	31	34
Average available beds	879	870	916	899	1,045
Private psychiatric hospitals ^{(b)(xi)}					
Number of hospitals	6	6	6	6	6
Average available beds	359	358	378	423	437
Government-operated residential mental health services ^{(d)(x)}					
Number of services ^(c)	31	31	31	30	47
Average available beds	883	893	891	907	962

(a) The number of hospitals reported can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of physical hospitals buildings or campuses. Historical data were sourced from the National Public Hospitals Establishments Database and therefore there may differ from 2005–06 data due to definitions and reporting requirements.

(b) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

(c) The count of government-operated community and residential mental health services can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of service outlets.

(d) The number of establishments providing residential care services reported to the National Mental Health Establishments Database (NMHED) is larger than the number of establishments reporting to the National Residential Mental Health Care Database (NRMHCD) due to Victoria reporting specialised aged care residential services in the NMHED that are not in scope for the NRMHCD.

n.a. Not available.

(x–xi) See page 167 for data sources.

Table 15.9: Workforce: psychiatrists and mental health nurses, Victoria, 2000–2005

Workforce	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Full-time-equivalent employed psychiatrists and psychiatrists in training ^(xii)	902	991	1,047	1,049	1,076	1,028
Full-time-equivalent employed mental health nurses ^(xiii)	n.a.	3,475	n.a.	3,660*	3,955	3,706

n.a. Not available.

* indicates where previously published data have been revised.

(xii–xiii) See page 167 for data sources.

Table 15.10: Recurrent mental health expenditure for public sector mental health services (\$'000), Victoria, 2001-02 to 2006-07

Mental health expenditure	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07
Total recurrent expenditure for public psychiatric hospitals ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	32,119	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for public acute hospitals with a specialised psychiatric unit or ward ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	191,759	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for community mental health services ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	268,841	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for residential mental health services ^{(a)(x)}	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	121,569	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for private psychiatric hospitals ^{(b)(xi)}	38,695	43,779	47,031	49,105	52,379	n.a.
Medicare expenditure on services provided by psychiatrists ^(v)	64,733	65,487	66,869	71,070	74,280	77,739
Medicare expenditure on services provided by general practitioners ^(v)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	19,548
Medicare expenditure on services provided by psychologists ^(v)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	17,431
PBS and RPBS expenditure on prescriptions by psychiatrists ^(ix)	29,133	31,457	32,942	35,920	38,002	39,229
PBS and RPBS expenditure on mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists ^(ix)	107,227	118,646	131,571	138,331	141,085	147,899

(a) Residential mental health services includes non-government-operated residential mental health facilities in receipt of funding from state and/or federal government, as reported in the National Mental Health Establishments Database.

(b) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

n.a. Not available.

(v-xi) See page 167 for data sources.

15.3 Queensland

Table 15.11: Mental health services, Queensland, 2001–02 to 2006–07

Mental health services	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07
Estimated number of mental health-related general practice encounters ^{(a)(i)}	1,807,000	1,641,617*	1,950,654*	2,002,270	2,148,140	2,093,580
95% lower confidence limit	1,598,000	1,499,723*	1,695,439*	1,807,137	1,870,799	1,896,617
95% upper confidence limit	2,016,000	1,783,502*	2,205,860*	2,197,415	2,425,495	2,290,551
Mental health-related occasions of service in emergency departments in public hospitals ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	21,393	24,306	n.a.
Community mental health care service contacts ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	705,895	779,527	889,011	901,706	892,393	n.a.
Ambulatory-equivalent mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	23,593	23,386	23,813	24,810	25,365	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	19,135	19,256	19,233	19,743	19,954	n.a.
Public hospitals	3,571	3,405	3,930	3,924	1,324	n.a.
Private hospitals	15,564	15,851	15,303	15,819	18,630	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	4,458	4,130	4,580	5,067	5,411	n.a.
Public hospitals	1,135	1,173	1,345	1,499	2,179	n.a.
Private hospitals	3,323	2,957	3,235	3,568	3,232	n.a.
Medicare-subsidised psychiatrist services ^(v)	349,352	344,217	344,548	352,380	365,911	357,166
Mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	36,687	36,310	37,503	38,405	38,462	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	24,915	25,597	26,922	27,322	26,445	n.a.
Public hospitals	18,787	19,618	20,384	20,851	19,877	n.a.
Private hospitals	6,128	5,979	6,538	6,471	6,568	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	11,772	10,713	10,581	11,083	12,017	n.a.
Public hospitals	8,596	8,024	8,083	8,422	9,221	n.a.
Private hospitals	3,176	2,689	2,498	2,661	2,796	n.a.
Episodes of residential mental health care ^(vi)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	..	..	..
SAAP mental health-related closed support periods ^(vii)	1,554	1,251	1,238	1,680	2,263	n.a.
Accommodated	1,331	991	910	1,326	1,838	n.a.
Supported	223	260	328	354	425	n.a.
CSTDA-funded service users with a psychiatric disability ^(viii)	n.a.	n.a.	4,752	5,204	5,631	n.a.
Residential care	n.a.	n.a.	203	166	183	n.a.
Non-residential care	n.a.	n.a.	4,711	5,157	5,570	n.a.

(a) The estimated number of encounters is based on the proportion of encounters in the BEACH survey of general practice activity that are mental health-related, multiplied by the total number of Medicare services for Non-Referred (GP) Attendances (excluding Practice Nurse Items) as reported by the Department of Health and Ageing (DoHA 2007b). Note that this method of calculation differs slightly from that used to produce the equivalent table in the previous edition of this publication (AIHW 2007e). Confidence intervals have also been recalculated.

n.a. Not available.

.. Not applicable.

* Indicates where previously published data have been revised.

(i–viii) See page 167 for data sources.

Table 15.12: Mental health-related prescriptions, Queensland, 2001–02 to 2006–07^(ix)

Mental health-related prescriptions	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07
PBS and RPBS-subsidised prescriptions by psychiatrists	329,959	338,085	356,732	377,935	383,635	395,146
PBS and RPBS-subsidised mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists	3,420,918	3,551,955	3,761,071	3,968,779	3,822,079	3,828,660

(ix) See page 167 for data source.

Table 15.13: Mental health facilities, Queensland, 2001–02 to 2005–06

Mental health facilities	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
Public psychiatric hospitals ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	6	4	4	4	3
Average available beds	504	503	476	476	375
Public acute hospitals with a specialised psychiatric unit or ward ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	18	18	18	18	27
Average available beds	795	887	904	908	1,014
Private psychiatric hospitals ^{(b)(xi)}					
Number of hospitals	4	4	4	4	4
Average available beds	288	290	288	289	278
Government-operated residential mental health services ^(x)					
Number of services ^(c)	0	0	0	0	0
Average available beds	0	0	0	0	0

(a) The number of hospitals reported can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of physical hospitals buildings or campuses. Historical data were sourced from the National Public Hospitals Establishments Database and therefore there may differ from 2005–06 data due to definitions and reporting requirements.

(b) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

(c) The count of government-operated community and residential mental health services can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of service outlets.

n.a. Not available.

(x–xi) See page 167 for data sources.

Table 15.14: Workforce: psychiatrists and mental health nurses, Queensland, 2000–2005

Workforce	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Full-time-equivalent employed psychiatrists and psychiatrists in training ^(xii)	457	437	434	463	474	541
Full-time-equivalent employed mental health nurses ^(xiii)	n.a.	1,831	n.a.	2,254	2,369	2,256

n.a. Not available.

(xii–xiii) See page 167 for data sources.

Table 15.15: Recurrent mental health expenditure for public sector mental health services (\$'000), Queensland, 2001–02 to 2006–07

Mental health expenditure	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07
Total recurrent expenditure for public psychiatric hospitals ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	67,303	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for public acute hospitals with a specialised psychiatric unit or ward ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	174,879	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for community mental health services ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	160,355	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for residential mental health services ^{(a)(x)}	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	.	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for private psychiatric hospitals ^{(b)(xi)}	25,596	28,931	30,231	30,359	31,972	n.a.
Medicare expenditure on services provided by psychiatrists ^(v)	30,807	30,886	31,830	34,632	36,695	38,072
Medicare expenditure on services provided by general practitioners ^(v)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	11,556
Medicare expenditure on services provided by psychologists ^(v)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	8,150
PBS and RPBS expenditure on prescriptions by psychiatrists ^(ix)	17,250	18,172	19,842	22,036	23,579	25,261
PBS and RPBS expenditure on mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists ^(ix)	79,299	87,228	96,150	102,103	99,493	103,850

(a) Residential mental health services includes non-government-operated residential mental health facilities in receipt of funding from state and/or federal government, as reported in the National Mental Health Establishments Database.

(b) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

n.a. Not available.

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(v–xi) See page 167 for data sources.

15.4 Western Australia

Table 15.16: Mental health services, Western Australia, 2001–02 to 2006–07

Mental health services	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07
Estimated number of mental health-related general practice encounters ^{(a)(i)}	919,000	747,376*	964,322*	905,815	843,099	977,016
95% lower confidence limit	759,000	671,206*	830,455*	771,124	723,024	859,898
95% upper confidence limit	1,080,000	823,540*	1,098,185*	1,040,505	963,177	1,094,130
Mental health-related occasions of service in emergency departments in public hospitals ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	10,114	11,279	n.a.
Community mental health care service contacts ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	395,513	414,183	418,484	466,670	492,468	n.a.
Ambulatory-equivalent mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	8,529	7,791	7,437	8,972	8,644	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	7,504	6,749	5,659	7,230	6,921	n.a.
Public hospitals	416	194	121	100	70	n.a.
Private hospitals	7,088	6,555	5,538	7,130	6,851	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	1,025	1,042	1,778	1,742	1,723	n.a.
Public hospitals	849	892	862	959	1,177	n.a.
Private hospitals	176	150	916	783	546	n.a.
Medicare-subsidised psychiatrist services ^(v)	115,039	111,539	121,962	121,072	119,611	119,454
Mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	19,012	19,125	20,107	20,540	19,603	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	11,802	11,547	11,901	11,731	11,599	n.a.
Public hospitals	8,938	8,561	8,525	8,404	8,120	n.a.
Private hospitals	2,864	2,986	3,376	3,327	3,479	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	7,210	7,578	8,206	8,809	8,004	n.a.
Public hospitals	6,149	6,621	6,299	6,349	6,631	n.a.
Private hospitals	1,061	957	1,907	2,460	1,373	n.a.
Episodes of residential mental health care ^(vi)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	203	177	n.a.
SAAP mental health-related closed support periods ^(vii)	1,242	809	590	601	815	n.a.
Accommodated	1,061	660	468	424	597	n.a.
Supported	181	149	122	177	218	n.a.
CSTDA-funded service users with a psychiatric disability ^(viii)	n.a.	n.a.	1,936	1,711	1,704	n.a.
Residential care	n.a.	n.a.	186	208	20	n.a.
Non-residential care	n.a.	n.a.	1,915	1,675	1,698	n.a.

(a) The estimated number of encounters is based on the proportion of encounters in the BEACH survey of general practice activity that are mental health-related, multiplied by the total number of Medicare services for Non-Referred (GP) Attendances (excluding Practice Nurse Items) as reported by the Department of Health and Ageing (DoHA 2007b). Note that this method of calculation differs slightly from that used to produce the equivalent table in the previous edition of this publication (AIHW 2007e). Confidence intervals have also been recalculated.

n.a. Not available.

* Indicates where previously published data have been revised.

(i–viii) See page 167 for data sources.

Table 15.17: Mental health-related prescriptions, Western Australia, 2001–02 to 2006–07^(ix)

Mental health-related prescriptions	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07
PBS and RPBS-subsidised prescriptions by psychiatrists	147,528	155,695	170,534	174,534	164,526	170,455
PBS and RPBS-subsidised mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists	1,661,063	1,715,581	1,808,835	1,860,899	1,802,423	1,816,034

(ix) See page 167 for data source.

Table 15.18: Mental health facilities, Western Australia, 2001–02 to 2005–06

Mental health facilities	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
Public psychiatric hospitals ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	1	1	1	1	1
Average available beds	209	201	203	205	245
Public acute hospitals with a specialised psychiatric unit or ward ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	11	16	16	16	11
Average available beds	391	391	393	414	403
Private psychiatric hospitals ^{(b)(xi)}					
Number of hospitals	3	3	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.
Average available beds	149	155	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.
Government-operated residential mental health services ^(x)					
Number of services ^(c)	2	3	2	2	2
Average available beds	22	22	21	21	18

(a) The number of hospitals reported can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of physical hospitals buildings or campuses. Historical data were sourced from the National Public Hospitals Establishments Database and therefore there may differ from 2005–06 data due to definitions and reporting requirements.

(b) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

(c) The count of government-operated community and residential mental health services can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of service outlets.

n.p. Not published.

(x–xi) See page 167 for data sources.

Table 15.19: Workforce: psychiatrists and mental health nurses, Western Australia, 2000–2005

Workforce	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Full-time-equivalent employed psychiatrists and psychiatrists in training ^(xii)	308	274	233	271	247	223
Full-time-equivalent employed mental health nurses ^(xiii)	n.a.	950	n.a.	916	1,175*	996

n.a. Not available.

* indicates where previously published data have been revised.

(xii–xiii) See page 167 for data sources.

Table 15.20: Recurrent mental health expenditure for public sector mental health services (\$'000), Western Australia, 2001–02 to 2006–07

Mental health expenditure	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07
Total recurrent expenditure for public psychiatric hospitals ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	61,716	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for public acute hospitals with a specialised psychiatric unit or ward ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	91,670	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for community mental health services ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	143,853	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for residential mental health services ^{(a)(x)}	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	5,148	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for private psychiatric hospitals ^{(b)(xi)}	11,809	13,863	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Medicare expenditure on services provided by psychiatrists ^(v)	9,976	9,759	11,077	11,972	12,177	12,953
Medicare expenditure on services provided by general practitioners ^(v)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	9,445
Medicare expenditure on services provided by psychologists ^(v)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	5,263
PBS and RPBS expenditure on prescriptions by psychiatrists ^(ix)	7,230	7,664	8,385	9,032	9,117	9,399
PBS and RPBS expenditure on mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists ^(ix)	38,410	42,783	47,802	49,685	48,197	50,940

(a) Residential mental health services includes non-government-operated residential mental health facilities in receipt of funding from state and/or federal government, as reported in the National Mental Health Establishments Database.

(b) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

n.a. Not available.

(v–xi) See page 167 for data sources.

15.5 South Australia

Table 15.21: Mental health services, South Australia, 2001–02 to 2006–07

Mental health services	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07
Estimated number of mental health-related general practice encounters ^{(a)(i)}	948,000	933,310*	1,003,211*	899,267	871,919	983,515
95% lower confidence limit	788,000	743,684*	873,798*	718,860	737,541	847,235
95% upper confidence limit	1,108,000	1,122,933*	1,132,616*	1,079,670	1,006,303	1,119,794
Mental health-related occasions of service in emergency departments in public hospitals ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	15,426	12,996	n.a.
Community mental health care service contacts ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	280,056	314,085	311,535	298,459	302,400	n.a.
Ambulatory-equivalent mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	1,656	2,409	1,749	1,389	1,232	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	788	1,443	689	294	216	n.a.
Public hospitals	646	242	268	263	197	n.a.
Private hospitals	142	1,201	421	31	19	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	868	966	1,060	1,095	1,016	n.a.
Public hospitals	854	942	1,048	1,085	1,003	n.a.
Private hospitals	14	24	12	10	13	n.a.
Medicare-subsidised psychiatrist services ^(v)	201,371	202,988	192,073	182,959	180,380	177,437
Mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	18,041	19,388	19,716	18,332	18,041	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	10,317	10,617	10,945	10,180	10,318	n.a.
Public hospitals	7,939	8,393	8,985	8,481	8,565	n.a.
Private hospitals	2,378	2,224	1,960	1,699	1,753	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	7,724	8,771	8,771	8,152	7,723	n.a.
Public hospitals	6,926	7,958	7,949	7,438	7,063	n.a.
Private hospitals	798	813	822	714	660	n.a.
Episodes of residential mental health care ^(vi)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	91	140	n.a.
SAAP mental health-related closed support periods ^(vii)	762	649	830	934	1,740	n.a.
Accommodated	520	413	445	449	652	n.a.
Supported	242	236	385	485	1,088	n.a.
CSTDA-funded service users with a psychiatric disability ^(viii)	n.a.	n.a.	2,095	2,143	2,004	n.a.
Residential care	n.a.	n.a.	271	317	335	n.a.
Non-residential care	n.a.	n.a.	2,000	2,027	1,927	n.a.

(a) The estimated number of encounters is based on the proportion of encounters in the BEACH survey of general practice activity that are mental health-related, multiplied by the total number of Medicare services for Non-Referred (GP) Attendances (excluding Practice Nurse Items) as reported by the Department of Health and Ageing (DoHA 2007b). Note that this method of calculation differs slightly from that used to produce the equivalent table in the previous edition of this publication (AIHW 2007e). Confidence intervals have also been recalculated.

n.a. Not available.

* Indicates where previously published data have been revised.

(i–viii) See page 167 for data sources.

Table 15.22: Mental health-related prescriptions, South Australia, 2000–01 to 2006–07^(ix)

Mental health-related prescriptions	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07
PBS and RPBS-subsidised prescriptions by psychiatrists	184,085	187,667	185,330	179,028	174,412	172,065
PBS and RPBS-subsidised mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists	1,574,003	1,620,414	1,685,643	1,719,197	1,698,048	1,675,141

(ix) See page 167 for data source.

Table 15.23: Mental health facilities, South Australia, 2001–02 to 2005–06

Mental health facilities	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
Public psychiatric hospitals ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	1	1	1	1	1
Average available beds	486	478	461	461	455
Public acute hospitals with a specialised psychiatric unit or ward ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	8	8	8	8	8
Average available beds	176	172	172	172	188
Private psychiatric hospitals ^{(b)(xi)}					
Number of hospitals	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.
Average available beds	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.
Government-operated residential mental health services ^(x)					
Number of services ^(c)	1	1	2	1	3
Average available beds	20	20	27	20	33

(a) The number of hospitals reported can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of physical hospitals buildings or campuses. Historical data were sourced from the National Public Hospitals Establishments Database and therefore there may differ from 2005–06 data due to definitions and reporting requirements.

(b) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

(c) The count of government-operated community and residential mental health services can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of service outlets.

n.a. Not available.

n.p. Not published.

(x–xi) See page 167 for data sources.

Table 15.24: Workforce: psychiatrists and mental health nurses, South Australia, 2000–2005

Workforce	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Full-time-equivalent employed psychiatrists and psychiatrists in training ^(xii)	311	318	302	319	335	313
Full-time-equivalent employed mental health nurses ^(xiii)	n.a.	1,115	n.a.	1,098	1,072	1,116

n.a. Not available.

(xii–xiii) See page 167 for data source.

Table 15.25: Recurrent mental health expenditure for public sector mental health services (\$'000), South Australia, 2001-02 to 2006-07

Mental health expenditure	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07
Total recurrent expenditure for public psychiatric hospitals ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	83,058	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for public acute hospitals with a specialised psychiatric unit or ward ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	36,604	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for community mental health services ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	77,692	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for residential mental health services ^{(a)(x)}	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	2,714	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for private psychiatric hospitals ^{(b)(xi)}	45,124	52,634	55,903	64,867	n.p	n.a
Medicare expenditure on services provided by psychiatrists ^(v)	19,604	20,218	19,901	19,636	19,982	20,892
Medicare expenditure on services provided by general practitioners ^(v)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	9,610
Medicare expenditure on services provided by psychologists ^(v)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	2,356
PBS and RPBS expenditure on prescriptions by psychiatrists ^(ix)	10,062	10,321	10,544	10,749	11,346	11,924
PBS and RPBS expenditure on mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists ^(ix)	36,755	39,811	42,887	44,324	44,819	46,559

(a) Residential mental health services includes non-government-operated residential mental health facilities in receipt of funding from state and/or federal government, as reported in the National Mental Health Establishments Database.

(b) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

n.a. Not available.

(v-xi) See page 167 for data sources.

15.6 Tasmania

Table 15.26: Mental health services, Tasmania, 2001–02 to 2006–07

Mental health services	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07
Estimated number of mental health-related general practice encounters ^{(a)(i)}	246,000	253,520*	332,791*	307,156	243,229	281,930
95% lower confidence limit	153,000	213,041*	248,072*	237,845	194,003	234,692
95% upper confidence limit	340,000	294,000*	417,509*	376,467	292,457	329,166
Mental health-related occasions of service in emergency departments in public hospitals ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	4,539	4,517	n.a.
Community mental health care service contacts ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	48,286	51,314	67,581	64,317	65,576	n.a.
Ambulatory-equivalent mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Public hospitals	76	75	65	56	46	n.a.
Private hospitals	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Public hospitals	184	176	233	285	370	n.a.
Private hospitals	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Medicare-subsidised psychiatrist services ^(v)	43,387	46,653	48,115	46,190	44,316	42,965
Mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Public hospitals	3,267	3,104	2,979	3,192	3,175	n.a.
Private hospitals	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Public hospitals	1,009	1,315	1,351	1,303	1,364	n.a.
Private hospitals	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Episodes of residential mental health care ^(vi)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	721	741	n.a.
SAAP mental health-related closed support periods ^(vii)	343	279	317	321	611	n.a.
Accommodated	202	165	160	158	317	n.a.
Supported	141	114	157	163	294	n.a.
CSTDA-funded service users with a psychiatric disability ^(viii)	n.a.	n.a.	764	839	846	n.a.
Residential care	n.a.	n.a.	183	193	184	n.a.
Non-residential care	n.a.	n.a.	707	775	797	n.a.

(a) The estimated number of encounters is based on the proportion of encounters in the BEACH survey of general practice activity that are mental health-related, multiplied by the total number of Medicare services for Non-Referred (GP) Attendances (excluding Practice Nurse Items) as reported by the Department of Health and Ageing (DoHA 2007b). Note that this method of calculation differs slightly from that used to produce the equivalent table in the previous edition of this publication (AIHW 2007e). Confidence intervals have also been recalculated.

n.a. Not available.

n.p. Not published.

* Indicates where previously published data have been revised.

(i–viii) See page 167 for data sources.

Table 15.27: Mental health-related prescriptions, Tasmania, 2001–02 to 2006–07^(ix)

Mental health-related prescriptions	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07
PBS and RPBS-subsidised prescriptions by psychiatrists	43,484	45,126	47,361	43,356	42,265	40,420
PBS and RPBS-subsidised mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists	560,909	576,194	604,037	618,098	626,298	614,622

(ix) See page 167 for data sources.

Table 15.28: Mental health facilities, Tasmania, 2001–02 to 2005–06

Mental health facilities	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
Public psychiatric hospitals ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	3	3	3	3	0
Average available beds	40	80	69	69	0
Public acute hospitals with a specialised psychiatric unit or ward ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	3	3	3	3	6
Average available beds	74	74	86	86	125
Private psychiatric hospitals ^{(b)(xi)}					
Number of hospitals	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.
Average available beds	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.
Government-operated residential mental health services ^(x)					
Number of services ^(c)	9	9	9	7	5
Average available beds	140	140	140	112	91

(a) The number of hospitals reported can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of physical hospitals buildings or campuses. Historical data were sourced from the National Public Hospitals Establishments Database and therefore there may differ from 2005–06 data due to definitions and reporting requirements.

(b) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

(c) The count of government-operated community and residential mental health services can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of service outlets.

n.a. Not available.

n.p. Not published.

(x–xi) See page 167 for data sources.

Table 15.29: Workforce: psychiatrists and mental health nurses, Tasmania, 2000–2005

Workforce	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Full-time-equivalent employed psychiatrists and psychiatrists in training ^(xii)	49	57	63	71	68	63
Full-time-equivalent employed mental health nurses ^(xiii)	n.a.	282	n.a.	320	295	339

n.a. Not available.

(xii–xiii) See page 167 for data sources.

Table 15.30: Recurrent mental health expenditure for public sector mental health services (\$'000), Tasmania, 2001–02 to 2006–07

Mental health expenditure	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07
Total recurrent expenditure for public psychiatric hospitals ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	0	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for public acute hospitals with a specialised psychiatric unit or ward ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	21,188	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for community mental health services ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	23,458	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for residential mental health services ^{(a)(x)}	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	15,890	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for private psychiatric hospitals ^{(b)(xi)}	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.p.	n.a.
Medicare expenditure on services provided by psychiatrists ^(v)	3,615	3,974	4,209	4,122	3,999	4,097
Medicare expenditure on services provided by general practitioners ^(v)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	1,366
Medicare expenditure on services provided by psychologists ^(v)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	1,265
PBS and RPBS expenditure on prescriptions by psychiatrists ^(ix)	1,846	2,018	2,148	2,191	2,549	2,514
PBS and RPBS expenditure on mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists ^(ix)	11,090	12,005	13,354	13,821	13,952	14,421

(a) Residential mental health services includes non-government-operated residential mental health facilities in receipt of funding from state and/or federal government, as reported in the National Mental Health Establishments Database.

(b) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

n.a. Not available.

(v–xi) See page 167 for data sources.

15.7 Australian Capital Territory

Table 15.31: Mental health services, Australian Capital Territory, 2001–02 to 2006–07

Mental health services	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07
Estimated number of mental health-related general practice encounters ^{(a)(i)}	127,000	143,804*	87,966*	120,213	103,178	118,128
95% lower confidence limit	76,000	104,792*	63,242*	79,767	64,199	82,991
95% upper confidence limit	177,000	182,815*	112,690*	160,660	142,156	153,266
Mental health-related occasions of service in emergency departments in public hospitals ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	2,248	2,737	n.a.
Community mental health care service contacts ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	156,108	178,751	167,541	198,666	210,833	n.a.
Ambulatory-equivalent mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Public hospitals	53	30	4	32	33	n.a.
Private hospitals	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Public hospitals	38	40	102	113	183	n.a.
Private hospitals	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Medicare-subsidised psychiatrist services ^(v)	19,595	21,305	21,454	22,534	22,301	20,877
Mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Public hospitals	1,376	1,314	1,136	1,139	1,178	n.a.
Private hospitals	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Public hospitals	178	222	341	307	335	n.a.
Private hospitals	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Episodes of residential mental health care ^(vi)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	63	60	n.a.
SAAP mental health-related closed support periods ^(vii)	470	531	523	408	582	n.a.
Accommodated	431	490	481	349	426	n.a.
Supported	39	41	42	59	156	n.a.
CSTDA-funded service users with a psychiatric disability ^(viii)	n.a.	n.a.	348	369	320	n.a.
Residential care	n.a.	n.a.	34	19	34	n.a.
Non-residential care	n.a.	n.a.	340	365	317	n.a.

(a) The estimated number of encounters is based on the proportion of encounters in the BEACH survey of general practice activity that are mental health-related, multiplied by the total number of Medicare services for Non-Referred (GP) Attendances (excluding Practice Nurse Items) as reported by the Department of Health and Ageing (DoHA 2007b). Note that this method of calculation differs slightly from that used to produce the equivalent table in the previous edition of this publication (AIHW 2007e). Confidence intervals have also been recalculated.

n.a. Not available.

n.p. Not published.

* Indicates where previously published data have been revised.

(i–viii) See page 167 for data sources.

Table 15.32: Mental health-related prescriptions, Australian Capital Territory, 2001–02 to 2006–07^(ix)

Mental health-related prescriptions	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07
PBS and RPBS-subsidised prescriptions by psychiatrists	23,880	30,492	27,815	27,327	27,059	25,501
PBS and RPBS-subsidised mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists	226,314	258,968	246,843	249,254	221,828	209,631

(ix) See page 167 for data source.

Table 15.33: Mental health facilities, Australian Capital Territory, 2001–02 to 2005–06

Mental health facilities	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
Public psychiatric hospitals ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	0	0	0	0	0
Average available beds	..	..	..	..	..
Public acute hospitals with a specialised psychiatric unit or ward ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	2	2	2	2	2
Average available beds	47	45	45	44	50
Private psychiatric hospitals ^{(b)(xi)}					
Number of hospitals	0	0	0	0	0
Average available beds	..	..	..	..	..
Government-operated residential mental health services ^(x)					
Number of services ^(c)	1	1	1	1	1
Average available beds	23	30	28	28	30

(a) The number of hospitals reported can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of physical hospitals buildings or campuses. Historical data were sourced from the National Public Hospitals Establishments Database and therefore there may differ from 2005–06 data due to definitions and reporting requirements.

(b) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

(c) The count of government-operated community and residential mental health services can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of service outlets.

.. Not applicable.

(x–xi) See page 167 for data sources.

Table 15.34: Workforce: psychiatrists and mental health nurses, Australian Capital Territory, 2000–2005

Workforce	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Full-time-equivalent employed psychiatrists and psychiatrists in training ^(xii)	56	45	56	50	44	63
Full-time-equivalent employed mental health nurses ^(xiii)	n.a.	212	n.a.	167	166	215

n.a. Not available.

(xii–xiii) See page 167 for data sources.

Table 15.35: Recurrent mental health expenditure for public sector mental health services (\$'000), Australian Capital Territory, 2001–02 to 2006–07

Mental health expenditure	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07
Total recurrent expenditure for public psychiatric hospitals ^(x)	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for public acute hospitals with a specialised psychiatric unit or ward ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	8,885	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for community mental health services ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	23,780	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for residential mental health services ^{(a)(x)}	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	6,165	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for private psychiatric hospitals ^{(b)(xi)}	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Medicare expenditure on services provided by psychiatrists ^(v)	1,726	1,989	2,072	2,429	2,503	2,435
Medicare expenditure on services provided by general practitioners ^(v)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	858
Medicare expenditure on services provided by psychologists ^(v)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	724
PBS and RPBS expenditure on prescriptions by psychiatrists ^(ix)	1,566	1,864	1,690	1,775	2,038	2,065
PBS and RPBS expenditure on mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists ^(ix)	5,870	6,959	6,851	6,710	6,091	6,146

(a) Residential mental health services includes non-government-operated residential mental health facilities in receipt of funding from state and/or federal government, as reported in the National Mental Health Establishments Database.

(b) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

n.a. Not available.

.. Not applicable.

(v–xi) See page 167 for data sources.

15.8 Northern Territory

Table 15.36: Mental health services, Northern Territory, 2001–02 to 2006–07

Mental health services	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07
Estimated number of mental health-related general practice encounters ^{(a)(i)}	50,000	60,364*	38,128*	39,302	55,625	44,957
95% lower confidence limit	29,000	36,689*	17,097*	26,406	25,235	24,320
95% upper confidence limit	71,000	84,039*	59,158*	52,198	86,015	65,594
Mental health-related occasions of service in emergency departments in public hospitals ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	2,703	3,482	n.a.
Community mental health care service contacts ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	29,592	22,656	26,054	36,377	36,356	n.a.
Ambulatory-equivalent mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Public hospitals	41	28	27	25	27	n.a.
Private hospitals	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Public hospitals	61	88	71	97	142	n.a.
Private hospitals	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Medicare-subsidised psychiatrist services ^(v)	4,553	4,722	4,722	4,887	4,474	4,370
Mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Public hospitals	747	826	926	1,174	1,146	n.a.
Private hospitals	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Public hospitals	263	312	321	329	453	n.a.
Private hospitals	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.p.	n.a.
Episodes of residential mental health care ^(vi)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	..	..	n.a.
SAAP mental health-related closed support periods ^(vii)	187	215	179	135	747	n.a.
Accommodated	119	166	146	94	600	n.a.
Supported	68	49	33	41	147	n.a.
CSTDA-funded service users with a psychiatric disability ^(viii)	n.a.	n.a.	145	129	103	n.a.
Residential care	n.a.	n.a.	26	21	22	n.a.
Non-residential care	n.a.	n.a.	133	116	87	n.a.

(a) The estimated number of encounters is based on the proportion of encounters in the BEACH survey of general practice activity that are mental health-related, multiplied by the total number of Medicare services for Non-Referred (GP) Attendances (excluding Practice Nurse Items) as reported by the Department of Health and Ageing (DoHA 2007b). Note that this method of calculation differs slightly from that used to produce the equivalent table in the previous edition of this publication (AIHW 2007e). Confidence intervals have also been recalculated.

n.a. Not available.

n.p. Not published.

* Indicates where previously published data have been revised.

(i–viii) See page 167 for data sources.

Table 15.37: Mental health-related prescriptions, Northern Territory, 2001–02 to 2006–07^(ix)

Mental health-related prescriptions	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07
PBS and RPBS-subsidised prescriptions by psychiatrists	5,013	4,881	4,972	4,841	4,179	4,079
PBS and RPBS-subsidised mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists	58,385	59,276	62,174	67,339	66,101	63,851

(ix) See page 167 for data source.

Table 15.38: Mental health facilities, Northern Territory, 2001–02 to 2005–06

Mental health facilities	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
Public psychiatric hospitals ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	0	0	0	0	0
Average available beds	..	..	..	..	..
Public acute hospitals with a specialised psychiatric unit or ward ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	2	2	2	2	2
Average available beds	31	32	31	32	32
Private psychiatric hospitals ^{(b)(xi)}					
Number of hospitals	0	0	0	0	0
Average available beds	..	..	..	..	..
Government-operated residential mental health services ^(x)					
Number of services ^(c)	0	0	0	0	0
Average available beds	0	0	0	0	0

(a) The number of hospitals reported can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of physical hospitals buildings or campuses. Historical data were sourced from the National Public Hospitals Establishments Database and therefore there may differ from 2005–06 data due to definitions and reporting requirements.

(b) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

(c) The count of government-operated community and residential mental health services can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of service outlets.

.. Not applicable.

(x–xi) See page 167 for data sources.

Table 15.39: Workforce: psychiatrists and mental health nurses, Northern Territory, 2000–2005

Workforce	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Full-time-equivalent employed psychiatrists and psychiatrists in training ^(xii)	32	20	29	36	20	25
Full-time-equivalent employed mental health nurses ^(xiii)	n.a.	93	n.a.	54	77	n.p.

n.a. Not available.

n.p. Not published.

(xii–xiii) See page 167 for data sources.

Table 15.40: Recurrent mental health expenditure for public sector mental health services (\$'000), Northern Territory, 2001–02 to 2006–07

Mental health expenditure	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07
Total recurrent expenditure for public psychiatric hospitals ^(x)	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for public acute hospitals with a specialised psychiatric unit or ward ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	10,327	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for community mental health services ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	12,417	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for residential mental health services ^{(a)(x)}	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	344	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for private psychiatric hospitals ^{(b)(xi)}	..	..	..	..	..	n.a.
Medicare expenditure on services provided by psychiatrists ^(v)	341	371	396	413	340	387
Medicare expenditure on services provided by general practitioners ^(v)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	269
Medicare expenditure on services provided by psychologists ^(v)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	128
PBS and RPBS expenditure on prescriptions by psychiatrists ^(ix)	272	262	274	266	262	286
PBS and RPBS expenditure on mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists ^(ix)	1,450	1,595	1,724	1,898	2,009	2,149

(a) Residential mental health services includes non-government-operated residential mental health facilities in receipt of funding from state and/or federal government, as reported in the National Mental Health Establishments Database.

(b) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

n.a. Not available.

.. Not applicable.

(v–xi) See page 167 for data sources.

15.9 Australia

Table 15.41: Mental health services, Australia, 2001–02 to 2006–07

Mental health services	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07
Estimated number of mental health-related general practice encounters ^{(a)(i)}	10,143,000	9,467,000*	9,974,000*	10,591,000	10,624,000	10,713,000
95% lower confidence limit	9,612,000	9,024,000*	9,516,000*	10,067,000	10,074,000	10,261,000
95% upper confidence limit	10,674,000	9,909,000*	10,433,000*	11,117,000	11,174,000	11,165,000
Mental health-related occasions of service in emergency departments in public hospitals ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	133,403	144,006	n.a.
Community mental health care service contacts ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	4,203,731	4,672,423	4,911,735	5,108,524	5,665,408	n.a.
Ambulatory-equivalent mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	97,796	108,946	111,581	116,787	117,924	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	77,189	87,219	86,765	92,369	93,202	n.a.
Public hospitals	14,620	13,966	13,349	12,285	8,994	n.a.
Private hospitals	62,569	73,253	73,416	80,084	84,208	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	20,607	21,727	24,816	24,418	24,722	n.a.
Public hospitals	11,878	12,222	13,249	14,248	15,379	n.a.
Private hospitals	8,729	9,505	11,567	10,170	9,343	n.a.
Medicare-subsidised psychiatrist services ^(v)	2,100,232*	2,065,075*	2,028,458*	2,007,218	2,015,941	1,986,533
Mental health-related hospital separations ^(iv)	187,043	192,169	197,712	199,353	204,186	n.a.
With specialised psychiatric care	110,969	113,045	116,725	116,852	118,733	n.a.
Public hospitals	85,768	87,343	90,230	89,059	89,274	n.a.
Private hospitals	25,201	25,702	26,495	27,793	29,459	n.a.
Without specialised psychiatric care	76,074	79,124	80,987	82,501	85,453	n.a.
Public hospitals	64,542	67,662	69,135	72,111	75,965	n.a.
Private hospitals	11,532	11,462	11,852	10,390	9,488	n.a.
Episodes of residential mental health care ^(vi)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	2,194	2,345	n.a.
SAAP mental health-related closed support periods ^(vii)	11,426	10,754	12,024	12,227	20,392	n.a.
Accommodated	7,976	7,017	7,003	7,634	11,069	n.a.
Supported	3,450	3,737	5,021	4,593	9,323	n.a.
CSTDA-funded service users with a psychiatric disability ^(viii)	n.a.	n.a.	24,753	35,599*	38,086	n.a.
Residential care	n.a.	n.a.	2,958	3,014*	2,959	n.a.
Non-residential care	n.a.	n.a.	24,108	34,833*	37,309	n.a.

(a) The estimated number of encounters is based on the proportion of encounters in the BEACH survey of general practice activity that are mental health-related, multiplied by the total number of Medicare services for Non-Referred (GP) Attendances (excluding Practice Nurse Items) as reported by the Department of Health and Ageing (DoHA 2007b). Note that this method of calculation differs slightly from that used to produce the equivalent table in the previous edition of this publication (AIHW 2007e). Confidence intervals have also been recalculated.

n.a. Not available.

* Indicates where previously published data have been revised.

(i–viii) See page 167 for data sources.

Table 15.42: Mental health-related prescriptions, Australia, 2001–02 to 2006–07^(ix)

Mental health-related prescriptions	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07
PBS and RPBS-subsidised prescriptions by psychiatrists	1,848,683	1,968,587*	1,968,587*	1,998,897*	1,956,248*	1,951,215
PBS and RPBS-subsidised mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists	17,206,421	17,853,007*	18,676,312*	19,296,523*	18,898,197*	18,686,274

(ix) See page 167 for data source.

Table 15.43: Mental health facilities, Australia, 2001–02 to 2005–06

Mental health facilities	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06
Public psychiatric hospitals ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	21	19	20	20	15
Average available beds	2,409	2,523	2,560	2,487	2,263
Public acute hospitals with a specialised psychiatric unit or ward ^{(a)(x)}					
Number of hospitals	110	128	124	122	136
Average available beds	n.a.	3,281	3,458	3,450	4,008
Private psychiatric hospitals ^{(b)(xi)}					
Number of hospitals	24	25	25	26	26
Average available beds	1,387	1,463	1,441	1,512	1,573
Government-operated residential mental health services ^{(d)(x)}					
Number of services ^(c)	53	50	52	46	77
Average available beds	1,249	1,241	1,246	1,226	1,430

(a) The number of hospitals reported can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of physical hospitals buildings or campuses. Historical data were sourced from the National Public Hospitals Establishments Database and therefore there may differ from 2005–06 data due to definitions and reporting requirements.

(b) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

(c) The count of government-operated community and residential mental health services can be affected by administrative and/or reporting arrangements and is not necessarily a measure of the number of service outlets.

(d) The number of establishments providing residential care services reported to the National Mental Health Establishments Database (NMHED) is larger than the number of establishments reporting to the National Residential Mental Health Care Database (NRMHCD) due to Victoria reporting specialised aged care residential services in the NMHED that are not in scope for the NRMHCD.

n.a. Not available.

(x–xi) See page 167 for data sources.

Table 15.44: Workforce: psychiatrists and mental health nurses, Australia, 2000–2005

Workforce	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Full-time-equivalent employed psychiatrists and psychiatrists in training ^(xii)	3,089	3,066	3,257	3,328	3,392	3,398
Full-time-equivalent employed mental health nurses ^(xiii)	n.a.	12,195	n.a.	13,306	13,435*	13,188

n.a. Not available.

* Indicates where previously published data have been revised.

(xii–xiii) See page 167 for data sources.

Table 15.45: Recurrent mental health expenditure for public sector mental health services (\$'000), Australia, 2001–02 to 2006–07

Mental health expenditure	2001–02	2002–03	2003–04	2004–05	2005–06	2006–07
Total recurrent expenditure for public psychiatric hospitals ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	433,677	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for public acute hospitals with a specialised psychiatric unit or ward ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	807,708	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for community mental health services ^(x)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	1,019,450	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for residential mental health services ^{(a)(x)}	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	175,012	n.a.
Total recurrent expenditure for private psychiatric hospitals ^{(b)(xi)}	143,653	158,529	162,066	168,490	175,054	n.a.
Medicare expenditure on services provided by psychiatrists ^(v)	196,465	197,492	201,290	214,106	220,579	230,755
Medicare expenditure on services provided by general practitioners ^(v)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	67,006
Medicare expenditure on services provided by psychologists ^(v)	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	51,936
PBS and RPBS expenditure on prescriptions by psychiatrists ^(ix)	100,079	106,893	112,764	120,652	126,928	132,812
PBS and RPBS expenditure on mental health-related prescriptions by non-psychiatrists ^(ix)	401,443	442,939	488,265	511,609	511,634	537,601

(a) Residential mental health services includes non-government-operated residential mental health facilities in receipt of funding from state and/or federal government, as reported in the National Mental Health Establishments Database.

(b) The ABS defines private psychiatric hospitals as those that are licensed or approved by a state or territory health authority and for which 50% or more of the total patient days were for psychiatric patients.

n.a. Not available.

(v–xi) See page 167 for data sources.